

PRELIMINARY HEARINGS INTO THE KITIMAT OIL PORT INQUIRY

(Before Dr. Andrew R. Thompson, Commissioner)

Kitimat, B.C. May 4, 1977

PROCEEDINGS AT PRELIMINARY INQUIRY

Vol. 1.

UNION OF B.C. INDIAN CHIEFS P.O. BOX 86003 NORTH YANCOUVER, B.Q. / NZL AJS [604] 986:2236

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4	Francis Saville, Esq., and	
5	Gareth Davies, Esq.,	Appearing for Kitimat Oil Pipeline Co. Ltd.
6		County Server report of the action and
7	Alan McEachern, Esq., and Glen Irving, Esq.,	Appearing for Erang
8	Gien living, Esq.,	Appearing for Trans Mountain Pipeline Co.Ltd.
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10	E. Robert A. Edwards, Esg.,	Appearing for the Department of the
11		Attorney Ceneral, Province of British
12		Columbia.
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14	Marvin Storrow, Esq., and Gary Gallon, Esq.,	Appearing for the Kitimat Oil Coalition.
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THE COMMISSIONER: Ladies and

gentlemen, I will call the Preliminary Hearing to order.

My name is Andrew Thompson.

I have been appointed by the Federal Government of Canada to conduct an Inquiry into a proposed Kitimat oil port and west coast oil tanker traffic.

Until very recently, the crude oil requirements of west coast refineries in Canada and the United States were met from onshore supplies supplemented by occasional deliveries from small tankers. While the era of supertankers brought mammoth ships to the ocean lanes of Europe, Asia and Africa, they have not yet plied their trade along the western shores of North America.

Mainland of British Columbia and in the Puget Sound region of the State of Washington have been supplied by crude oil from the fields in Alberta, transported through the Trans Mountain Pipeline system from Edmonton. But now the peaking of production in these Canadian fields has induced the Federal Government of Canada, through the National Energy Board, to initiate a phasing out of exports of Canadian crude oil to the United States. Very soon, probably by next year, exports to the Puget Sound refineries in the State of Washington through the Trans Mountain pipeline will have been reduced to a trickle.

Even now tankers in the class up to 125,000 tons are regularly bringing crude oil from Indonesia through the Strait of Juan de Fuca and the Gulf Islands to the docking facilities of these Puget Sound refineries. This traffic must increase in volume to replace the shut-off Canadian supply because there is presently no alternative source available.

The phasing out of Canadian exports of crude oil is affecting another region of the United States. Refineries in the midwestern States have been dependent on Alberta crude oil. Now they, too, must find alternative sources of supply in volumes even greater than the requirements of the Puget Sound refineries.

Meanwhile, large reserves of crude oil were discovered in the late 1960's at Prudhoe Bay on the north slope of Alaska. After prolonged hearings and much controversy, the United States decided that this oil should be delivered through a new pipeline which would cross Alaska from the north slope to a new deep sea port to be constructed at Valdez, Alaska. From this new port it would be moved by supertankers to supply markets in the United States. This Alaskan pipeline and port have been constructed and it is reported that they will be operational this summer.

These United States crude oil supply problems together with the new Alaskan oil

fields, have led to a number of proposals for new pipelines. Three of these directly affect Canada's west coast.

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One is the proposal by Kitimat Oil Pipeline Co. Ltd. to build a deep sea oil port at Kitimat and a crude oil pipeline from Kitimat to Edmonton to connect with the existing pipeline system of Interprovincial Pipeline Co. Ltd. This existing system now delivers Alberta crude oil to the midwestern United States but as these exports are phased out it will have surplus capacity. In this case, Kitimat Pipeline Co. Ltd. has applied to the National Energy Board of Canada for authority to build the proposed pipeline. Public hearings will be held by the National Energy Board beginning late in the summer. The Company has also applied to the Federal Minister of Transport for authorization to construct the propsed Kitimat oil terminal. Since the filing of the application, transport department officials, as well as officials from the Federal Department of Fisheries and the Environment and the Department of Public Works, have been conducting a detailed study of all aspects of the proposal and of the oil tanker traffic associated with it. This review procedure is known as TERMPOL. It is based on a code of recommended standards for the prevention of pollution at marine terminals which is administered by the Canadian Coast Guard. The results

of this review by government officials will be provided to this Inquiry.

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The second proposal is made by Trans Mountain Pipeline Co. Ltd. which now operates the pipeline system that brings Alberta oil from Edmonton to the refineries in the Lower Mainland of British Columbia and in the Puget Sound region of the State of Washington. These are the exports to the Puget Sound refineries that will be phased out by next year. Trans Mountain Pipeline Co. Ltd. has a partner in its proposal, Atlantic Richfield Oil Co. Ltd. which operates a major refinery at Cherry Point and is also one of the major producers in the North Slope oil field in Alaska. This proposal is to enlarge the docking facilities at Cherry Point, just a few miles south of the Canada-U.S. border at Boundary Bay, so as to enable supertankers to offload there. This offshore oil would be supplied to the Puget Sound refineries and, in addition, would be delivered to the midwestern States by a reversal of the direction of flow of the Trans Mountain pipeline. In this case the company has announced that it will soon be filing an application with the National Energy Board for authority to undertake the engineering works which would enable the Trans Mountain pipeline to be operated in the reverse direction. To the extent this reversed system could meet the supply requirements of the midwestern United States, it is to be considered as an

alternative proposal to that of Kitimat Oil Pipeline Co. Ltd.

Third is a proposal that has been made in the United States to construct a new "Northern Tier" pipeline to carry offshore crude oil from a terminal in the State of Washington across the northern tier of States to the refineries in the midwest. It has been proposed that a new deep sea terminal be located at Port Angeles in the Strait of Juan de Fuca to supply this pipeline from offshore.

As in the case of the Kitimat proposal, both the Trans Mountain and the Northern Tier proposal would generate oil tanker traffic from Alaska, Indonesia and the Middle East which would enter coastal waters affecting British Columbia.

Concerns about this oil tanker traffic and about the impacts on the regional economy of the construction and operation of the proposed Kitimat oil terminal led the Government of Canada to appoint me to conduct this Inquiry. My terms of reference in Order-in-Council P.C. 1977-597 dated 10th of March, 1977, are as follows:

WHEREAS a proposal has been made by Kitimat Pipe Line Ltd. for the construction of a marine terminal at the Town of Kitimat in the Province of British Columbia to form part of a new

pipeline system for the transmission of oil from
Kitimat to the City of Edmonton in the Province of
Alberta;

WHEREAS the marine terminal proposed for Kitimat will receive oil shipped to Kitimat by tankers from Alaska and other points;

WHEREAS proposals have been made to receive oil shipped by tankers moving along Canada's West Coast for transmission in other pipeline systems;

AND WHEREAS it is expedient that inquiry be made into and concerning the environmental and social impact and navigational safety aspects of the construction and operation of a marine terminal at Kitimat on Canada's West Coast designed to receive oil shipped by tanker from Alaska and other points.

THEREFORE, the Committee of the Privy Council, on the recommendation of the Minister of Fisheries and the Environment and the Minister of Transport, pursuant to Part I of the Inquiries Act, is pleased hereby to appoint Dr. Andrew R. Thompson, of the City of Vancouver in the Province of British Columbia, a Commissioner

- (a) to inquire into and concerning and to report upon
 - (i) the social and environmental impact

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regionally (including the impact on fisheries) that could result from the establishment of a marine tanker route and construction of a marine terminal (deep water oil port) at Kitimat,

B.C.;

- (ii) navigational safety and related
 matters associated with the estab lishment of a marine tanker route
 and construction of a marine
 terminal at Kitimat, B.C.,;
 and
- (iii) the broader concerns and issues related to oil tanker movements on the West Coast as might be affected by the proposal; and
- (b) to report upon representations made to him concerning the terms and conditions which should be imposed, if authority is given to establish a marine terminal at Kitimat, on the size, construction and operation thereof and on the size, construction and operation of tankers in the approaches thereto.

The Committee is further pleased to advise that

Dr. Thompson be authorized

- (a) to hold hearings pursuant to this Order at such places in the Province of British Columbia and at such times as he may decide from time to time;
- (b) to adopt such practices and procedures for all purposes of the inquiry as he from time to time deems expedient for the proper conduct thereof;
- (c) for the purposes of the inquiry, to engage the services of such accountants, engineers, technical advisers, or other experts, clerks, reporters and assistants as he deems necessary or advisable and also the services of counsel to aid and assist him in the inquiry, at such rates of remuneration as may be approved by the Treasury Board;
- (d) to exercise all the powers conferred upon him by section 11 of the Inquiries Act and be assisted to the fullest extent by Government departments and agencies; and
- (e) to rent such space for offices and hearings as he deems necessary at such rates
 as may be approved by the Treasury Board.

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The Committee further advises that Dr. Thompson be directed to report to the Minister of Fisheries and the Environment and the Minister of Transport before the end of the current year and to file with the Dominion Archivist the papers and records of the Inquiry as soon as may be reasonable after the conclusion thereof.

I have stated the background reasons for this Inquiry as I now understand the situation. But the very purpose of this Inquiry is to take a fresh look at the facts, hearing evidence from all sides and weighing it impartially. Therefore, early in the Inquiry these crude oil needs of the United States refineries and where the crude oil supplies will come from must be examined so that the need for a new west coast port and pipeline in Canada can be assessed. Also, the Inquiry must consider whether refineries in Eastern Canada and British Columbia may at some time become dependent on offshore supplies of crude oil delivered on the west coast, and how new conservation measures will affect these needs.

Soon after the Inquiry was announced I paid informal visits to the Town of Kitimat and to the Regional District of Kitimat-Stikine. Last weekend I held meetings in Queen Charlotte City, Skidegate and Masset. Yesterday I was invited to attend a Band Council meeting in the Village of Kitamaat. Next week I

will hold meetings in Vancouver and Victoria. The purpose of these visits has been to introduce myself, to explain the purpose of the Inquiry and to describe in general terms the procedures that are proposed to be followed, including the funding of participants. I intend to continue this practice of explaining the Inquiry in the communities that are affected. While the facts concerning the proposals and their environmental, social and navigational safety impacts must be brought forth in formal hearings, the views and concerns of citizens can best be expressed in less formal community hearings.

Therefore I intend to conduct both formal hearings and community hearings during the Inquiry.

To the end that all interested groups can participate effectively in the Inquiry, the Government of Canada has asked me to make recommendations for funding those groups that do not have sufficient financial resources to enable them to take part in the formal hearings when evidence will be received and witnesses will be cross-examined. With the Notice of Preliminary Hearing I have published a set of guidelines for Participant Funding. The criteria for funding are as follows:

- (i) There should be a clearly ascertainable interest that ought to be represented at the Inquiry.
- (ii) It should be clear that separate and adequate

representation of that interest will make a necessary and substantial contribution to the Inquiry.

- (iii) Those seeking funds should have an established record of concern for, and should have demonstrated their own commitment to the interest they seek to represent.
- (iv) It should be shown that those seeking funds
 to not have sufficient financial resources
 to enable them adequately to represent that
 interest and will require funds to do so.
- (v) Those seeking funds should have a clear proposal as to the use they intend to make of the funds, and should be sufficiently well organized to account for the funds.
- (vi) Coalitions of interest groups representing

 a broader interest will be encouraged so as

 to avoid duplication in the preparation and

 presentation of evidence.

These guidelines require those who wish to receive funding to advise the Inquiry at this hearing of their intention to apply for funds. I have already received notice of this intention from several groups who were represented at the meetings on the Queen Charlotte Islands.

Next, groups intending to

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apply for funds must provide the Inquiry with an application containing a budget and a statement as to how the funds will be used and accounted for and of the extent to which the group will contribute its own funds and the services of its members to participation in the Inquiry. These applications must be given to the Inquiry by May To assist applicants, members of the Commission 11th. staff will contact them by telephone to ensure that the applications are properly completed. The reason for imposing such an early deadline is so that speedy funding decisions can be made for those groups that are now organized and can beging to prepare for the Inquiry once they know how much financial assistance is available. cases where it is not possible to meet this deadline, consideration will be given to later applications.

The Commission also considers it a matter of great importance that information from the formal hearings be made available in the communities and that citizens be assisted in preparing their submissions to the community hearings. Therefore, I have appointed Arthur Pape, assisted by John Steeves, to arrange the community hearings and to assist those who wish to take part.

Recently I caused a Notice of

Preliminary Hearing to be published concerning this

afternoon's hearing in the Town of Kitimat. The purpose of

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this Preliminary Hearing is to invite submissions and suggestions concerning:

- the terms of reference and the scope of this
 Inquiry
- the organization of the formal part of the
 Inquiry into different phases to deal with
 different subjects and issues raised by the
 terms of reference
- the timing of the different phases
- the places where the different phases should be held
- the procedures to be followed by the participants in presenting evidence and submissions
- the provision of funding for participants in accordance with the guidelines that I have announced; and the
- places, times and procedures for community hearings.

This Inquiry has been established to help the Government of Canada decide how to respond to proposals to bring supertankers into West Coast waters so as to make offshore crude oil available in North American markets. We will conduct lengthy hearings into this complex issue. But I believe that hearings are a waste of time unless a lot of people are listening. Of

course I must listen so that I can understand the evidence of the experts and what members of the public are telling me. But that is not enough! Government and corporate officials, including Cabinet Ministers and company presidents must listen too for they will ultimately make the decisions. But most importantly the public must listen. That especially includes all of those who take part in this Inquiry. Only through listening with minds that are open will the kind of sound public opinion emerge that will lead to decisions we can all respect. I urge each of you to listen with open minds so that when this Inquiry is over you can tell yourself that you have left no page unturned and no voice unheard in the search for truth and understanding, and that is my commitment.

Now, I wish to introduce some of those who will be involved with the Commission. Back in the corner is Lori Lewis who is Secretary to the Commission and is the person to whom problems and complaints and other questions can be taken. Maybe you should stand up so you can be identified.

On my right are representatives of the Allwest Reporting Service. Since this is a Public Inquiry there will be a written record kept of all of the evidence and submissions that are made at the Hearings and it is the responsibility of Allwest Reporting to keep this record. Today we have Mrs. Alex Edlund and

Dennis Baylis as Reporters. There will be a typed transcript available next week covering today's session. The Commission will immediately notify by letter members of the public as to places where copies of the transcript will be available and can be consulted. When we reach the stage of the formal hearings, transcripts will be provided on a daily basis.

This afternoon there will be circulated among you lists which will comprise mailing lists and we invite everyone here who would like to be on the mailing list of the Inquiry to receive notices and other information to place their name and their address and phone number on the mailing list. In addition I am going to ask those here who are representing groups or interested parties to identify themselves and then when that has taken place I will invite people to make submissions on the matters with which this Preliminary Hearing is concerned.

Before doing that, I would like to introduce Counsel for the Commission or maybe I should say I will invite him to introduce himself. Mr. Anthony.

MR. ANTHONY: Mr. Commissioner, my name is Russell Anthony, I can be reached through the Inquiry Office at a Vancouver number and through my law firm in Vancouver at 689-1811. I have the pleasure, I

hope, of serving as Commission Counsel to this Inquiry.

I intend also to retain other Counsel to join the Commission

Counsel staff as the Inquiry proceeds.

I would also like to introduce some of the members of the Inquiry staff that are here this afternoon, if I might, Mr. Commissioner. Again so that people can identify them I would ask them to stand. We have retained to this date Mr. John Millen who will be Environmental Adviser to the Inquiry, Dr. Marvin Shaffer who will be the Socio-Economic Consultant to the Inquiry, and Captain David Bremner who will be Marine Adviser to the Inquiry.

I suggest that participants wishing to communicate with the staff or myself communicate through the Inquiry Office and we will be pleased to talk with them and I will be perhaps elaborating on our roles a bit more when I have an opportunity to make our submission to you.

Maybe you, Mr. Edwards, would like to identify yourself.

MR. EDWARDS: Thank you, Mr.

Chairman. My name is Robert Edwards, I appear on behalf of the Attorney-General of British Columbia who participates on behalf of the Government of the Province of British Columbia.

THE COMMISSIONER: Could I ask

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

the other persons then who are present here on behalf of parties to identify themselves.

MR. CURRIE: Harvey Currie,
Municipal Manager, District of Kitimat. His Worship Mayor
Thom, Mr. Adrian Jones of the City Staff, and Doctor
Derek Ellis, Consultant from the University of Victoria.
Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you, Mr.

Currie.

MR. SAVILLE: Mr. Commissioner, my name is Francis Saville, I appear as Counsel for Kitimat Pipeline Ltd. With me I have Mr. Gareth Davies of the firm of Owen, Bird & Company in Vancouver, and I might add that at appropriate stages there may be other members of both my firm and his firm who will act for the company. With me also, sir, I have Mr. Jack Cressy, the Vice-President and Project Manager of Kitimat Pipeline Ltd.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you,

Mr. Saville.

MR. GALLON: Mr. Chairman, my name is Gary Gallon, I represent the Kitimat Oil Coalition, a coalition of 22 community environmental groups, Fishermen Union, Native groups, and concerned citizens representing about 70,000 people in B.C. With me on my left is Marvin Storrow, our Legal Counsel, and on my right, Chris

Hatfield, Environmental Consultant. There may be other people from time to time with us as the Hearing goes on. 2 THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you, Mr. 3 Gallon. 4 MR. OVERGAARD: My name is 5 Ralph Overgaard. I am the Administrator of the Skeena-6 7 Oueen Charlotte Regional District. On behalf of the Board I have submitted to you, Mr. Commissioner, five copies of 8 the brief. 9 THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you, Mr. 10 11 Overgaard. MR. McEACHERN: Mr. Commis-12 sioner, my name is Alan McEachern, I am with Mr. Glen 13 14 Irving here today and we represent Trans Mountain Pipeline Co. Ltd. Perhaps at some stage we might have an opportun-15 16 ity to indicate what participation, if any, we will be taking in these particular proceedings. 17 18 THE COMMISSIONER: Yes, thank 19 you, Mr. McEachern. 20 There is difficulty here, I 21 will ask Mr. Anthony to stand up and identify himself to 22 you. He is Counsel for the Commission. Then I think Bob 23 Edwards you should stand up as well because the people haven't had a chance to see you. He is Counsel for the 24 25 Attorney-General of British Columbia. Thank you.

MR. PATRICK: I am Archie

Patrick, I represent the Union of British Columbia Indian
Chiefs.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

Union of British Columbia Indian Chiefs.

MR. HAGERMAN: My name is Douglas Hagerman. I am Librarian of the Kitimat Public Library. I wish to make a short submission on behalf of the Library with respect to funding and also a submission on the distribution of documents and information on Public Libraries.

THE COMMISSIONER: Very well, we will take these submissions after people have been introduced. Thank you.

MR. JENSEN: Mr. Commissioner, my name is John Jensen. I am here on behalf of VOICE, Victims of Industry Changing Environment, which is the Committee of the Prince Rupert and Kitimat and Terrace Labour Council.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you, Mr.

Jensen. Because I was puzzling over your first name, I

didn't get any note as to the organization, would you

please state it again.

MR. JENSEN: The name of the Committee is VOICE, Victims of Industry Changing Environment which in turn is the Committee of the Prince Rupert Labour Council and the Kitimat and Terrace Labour Council.

Thank you very THE COMMISSIONER: 1 much, Mr. Jensen. 2 MR. NICHOL: Mr. Commissioner, 3 my name is Jack Nichol, I am the President of the United Fishermen and Allied Workers' Union. 5 THE COMMISSIONER: Nichols? 6 MR. NICHOL: Nichol, N-I-C-H-O-L. 7 THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you. 8 MR. ANDERSON: Mr. Commissioner, 9 my name is David Anderson. I am representing the British 10 Columbia Wildlife Federation. 11 THE COMMISSIONER: That was Mr. 12 13 David Anderson representing the B.C. Wildlife Federation. MR. PEARSE: Mr. Commissioner, 14 my name is Tony Pearse and I am a Director of the Telkwa 15 Foundation which is an Environmental Research and 16 Documentation Centre located in Telkwa, British Columbia, 17 slightly east of here. 18 MR. WRIGHT: Jim Wright, Sierra 19 Club. 20 MR. BRISEBOIS: My name is Jim 21 Brisebois and I am representing the Canadian Association of 22 Smelter and Allied Workers, Local 1 in Kitimat, representing 23 24 approximately 2,000 workers in Kitimat. 25 MR. PARFITT: I am Ray Parfitt, 26 I am representing Kitimat-Stikine Regional District.

1	THE COMMISSIONER: Ray Parfitt,
2	Kitimat-Stikine Regional District, thank you.
3	MR. OLDING: Mr. Commissioner,
4	my name is Rick Olding, I am a Director of the Save Our
5	Shores Foundation, Prince Rupert.
6	THE COMMISSIONER: Could you give
7	me your name, please?
8	MR. OLDING: Rick Olding,
9	O-L-D-I-N-G.
10	THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.
11	MR. MORTON: Mr. Commissioner,
12	my name is David Morton and I am representing the Terrace-
13	Kitimat Alliance Against Supertankers to Kitimat.
14	MR. BOWDITCH: Dr. Thompson, I am
15	Dan Bowditch from the Coalition Against Supertankers on
16	the Queen Charlotte Islands. We have already met so I
17	won't hang around.
18	THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.
19	MR. DENMAN: My name is Ron
20	Denman, and I represent the Prince Rupert Access Centre.
21	MR. SIMPSON: Mr. Commissioner,
22	my name is Gene Simpson and I represent the Prince Rupert
23	Fish Exchange.
24	MS. STEWART: Dr. Thompson, my
25	name is Cathy Stewart and I represent Clearwater from
26	Duncan.

1	MS. CLARK: Mr. Commissioner,		
2	my name is Carol Clark and I represent Clean Shores in		
3	Nanaimo.		
4	THE COMMISSIONER: That was Clean		
5	Shores in Nanaimo.		
6	MR. HENLY: Mr. Commissioner,		
7	my name is Tom Henly, representing the Islands Protection		
8	Committee, Queen Charlotte Islands.		
9	MR. OLAFSON: Mr. Commissioner,		
.0	my name is George Olafson. I represent the Prince Rupert		
.1	Fishing Vessel Owners Association.		
.2	MR. CARR: Mr. Commissioner,		
.3	my name is Jim Carr. I represent the Hartley Bay Stop		
4	Supertankers Committee.		
5	MR. LIPSETT: Mr. Commissioner,		
6	my name is Edward Lipsett. I represent the Prince Rupert		
7	Fishermen's Co-Operative Association.		
8	MR. GREEN: Mr. Commissioner,		
9	my name is Pat Green. I am the President, Co-Operative		
0	Fishermen's Guild.		
1	MR. PRITCHARD: Mr. Commissioner,		
2	my name is John Pritchard. I am employed by Kitimat Band		
3	Council.		
4	THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.		
5	MR. STARR: My name is Loyd		
6	Starr. I am Spokesperson for the Haisla Environmental		

Group, Kitamaat Village. 1 THE COMMISSIONER: Loyd Starr 3 for the Haisla Environmental Group, Kitamaat Village. 4 MR. REESE: Mr. Commissioner, 5 my name is Victor Reese from Prince Rupert, representing the House of Soogheget. The House of Soogheget is spelt 6 7 S-O-O-G-H-E-G-E-T. 8 THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you. 9 MR. McPHEE: Mr. Commissioner, 10 my name is Norman McPhee and I represent the Prince Rupert 11 Amalgamated Shore Workers and Clerks Union. 12 THE COMMISSIONER: I missed the 13 group, Norman McPhee --14 MR. McPHEE: Yes, and the 15 Prince Rupert Amalgamated Shore Workers and Clerks Union. 16 MR. CHEYNE: Mr. Commissioner, 17 my name is Maxwell Cheyne, Eurocan Pulp and Paper. 18 A VOICE: The Kitimat Coalition 19 for the Pipeline, Citizens Coalition for the Pipeline, and 20 we would just like to serve notice that we would apply for 21 funding. 22 THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you. 23 Could you please give me your name? 24 MR. SERRY: Dave Serry, S-E-R-R-Y. Thank you. 25 26 THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

Thank you for introducing yourselves. I think it goes without saying that this Inquiry is to hear all sides and that all applications will be considered for funding, whether you are for the tankerport or against it or somewhere in between, and anybody who has presentations to make here will be heard with, I hope, the same courtesy and respect by everybody here.

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Now, I will ask Mr. Anthony to begin with the submissions.

MR. ANTHONY: Mr. Commissioner,
I will try to be as brief as possible given the obviously
great number of people who wish to make submissions to
you.

On April 20th I prepared an outline of the submissions that Commission Counsel will be making at the Preliminary Hearing, copies were made available to those who indicated intention to either participate or at least to obtain information about the Inquiry. I believe there are a few copies still available.

Before reviewing the submission in detail, I would like to address a few comments on the functions of Commission Counsel as we perceive it. First and foremost we have been instructed by you, Mr. Commissioner, that this Inquiry is to be a full and fair one. The Inquiry staff and I are therefore available to

participants to assist and advise them on the Inquiry and on their participation in the Inquiry. In addition, I intend to meet regularly with the major participants or their counsel to discuss the progress of the Inquiry and consider how best the evidence can be presented for your consideration. I might also mention that at the Inquiry Office in Vancouver the staff has set up a public library where participants will find, not now, but in due course, many of the basic documents and charts and information they will require. In addition, we are going to ensure that this documentation is available at Kitimat and Prince Rupert, at Terrace and other localities where there is an expressed interest in obtaining this information and considering the information and making their views known to you.

Secondly, we have been instructed by you to ensure that all of the relevant evidence comes before this Inquiry. To assist us in that task we have brought together a staff who will be advisers to Commission Counsel, the staff that I introduced earlier this afternoon. As a consequence of these instructions we perceive Commission Counsel's role as an active one. We intend to participate in the hearings by calling evidence and in cross-examining the evidence of other participants.

One further important point must be made. In pursuing this active role before the Inquiry

we see ourselves as independent of the Inquiry. Keeping in mind the guidelines that you have laid down for us that this be a fair hearing and all relevant evidence be brought before you, we shall call that evidence that in our view needs to be called before this Inquiry. The witnesses will be Commission Counsel witnesses, the submissions we make will be Commission Counsel submissions and the evidence presented by Commission Counsel should not be viewed in any way as having a special role solely because it is called by Commission Counsel. In fact, we can anticipate and view the possibility that we may be required to call inconsistent or even conflicting evidence if, in our view, both views should properly be before this Inquiry subject to the assessment and cross-examination of participants.

Commission Counsel will not,

however, undertake to lead any particular evidence on behalf of any particular party. It shall be the obligation of the participants in the first instance to satisfy themselves that their particular evidence of concern to them is called by them in a manner and at a time appropriate. While we can foresee agreement that Commission Counsel calls certain base line evidence or certain evidence that by agreement should be before the Inquiry, no participant should assume that Commission Counsel will call their evidence for them.

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Finally, on the question of the role of Commission Counsel, I should make it clear, as I have to the Government of Canada, that we are not here as the Government's lawyer. We see ourselves as free to call evidence from the Government of Canada as evidence contrary to the position taken by the Government of Canada. While Commission Counsel has a role to play in facilitating the presentation of Government reports, we do not regard ourselves in any way as charged with representing the Government's interests. So, for example, evidence arising out of the TERMPOL assessment which you referred to in your opening remarks, Mr. Commissioner, may or may not either in whole or in part be called by Commission Counsel. It will be treated as other evidence that is available to the Inquiry and available to all the participants before the Inquiry.

Now, I would like to direct my remarks to the submissions by Commission Counsel. I will follow generally the outline as provided in the submission of April 20th. You will see from that submission, Mr. Commissioner, that in paragraph one we make it clear from the outset your intention to conduct two forms of hearings; the Formal Hearings where evidence of experts, whether individually or in panels will be presented, will be subject to cross-examination and consideration by this Inquiry. At these Formal Hearings the participants will

be bound by the procedural rules adopted by this Inquiry.

At the Community Hearings that you have indicated an intention to call, there will be no procedural rules, at least no procedural rules in the sense that we are discussing here today, they will informal, they will be directed by the Committee and the Communities themslves, they will be held in a large number of communities, and I will address a few more comments with respect to Community

Hearings at a later stage.

The procedural rules that I am discussing here today and the submissions we make to you, Mr. Commissioner, about procedure are intended to apply only to the Formal Hearings. As a general rule we feel that the Formal Hearings should be conducted in the region that has the greatest concern about the subject matters under review. Given the fact that this Inquiry's recommendations will have great impact on the people of the Lower Mainland of B.C. as well as this area, we have suggested that the hearings be held in either Vancouver, Kitimat or Prince Rupert. No doubt others here will have suggestions as to what particular evidence should be called and what particular location. I will elaborate on our suggestions as to the location of evidence when I discuss in the next section the order and phasing of the hearings.

We have made a submission

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which I intend to elaborate on now, Mr. Commissioner, about the order and phasing of the Formal Hearings. It was our view that phasing would ensure all relevant evidence in a series of related issues could be heard together. We recognize that there inter-relationships and this may mean in some instances that witnesses may be required to re-attend at another phase of the Inquiry. However, we felt that the benefits of a Phase Inquiry outweigh this inconvenience.

I would like to elaborate then on the phases as we currently see them and in doing so will indicate the scope of the Inquiry as we see it.

We have suggested that

Phase I be concerned with West Coast Tanker Traffic. We
are proposing that the first phase deal with the broad
issues regarding the West Coast Oil Tanker Traffic.

This would include an examination of the implications of
the proposed projects for the volume and origin of oil
tanker traffic along the West Coast and a description of
the International, National and Provincial Statutes and
Regulations under which such tankers currently operate.

This phase would involve an examination of Canadian, U.S.
and West Coast demand for offshore crude oil and an
examination of the factors, including conservation,
allocation or other relevant policies affecting the
extent and location of that demand. It would also include

alternative sources of supply and the incentives to supply through the proposed ports and further evidence on the planned initial and future capacities of the proposed facilities and on the planned destinations of the crude oil deliveries.

With respect to the Statutes and Regulations under which oil tankers currently operate the evidence would cover the relevant conventions, legislations or regulations and any apparent deficiencies. This would include the issue of Canadian jurisdiction over vessels of other Nations and requirements under the Canada Shipping Act and other relevant Acts and Regulations for the equipment, manning and operation of these vessels. The nature of the TERMPOL Code, the port control structures would also be included in this phase. We are proposing this phase commence on July 11th. Because of the general nature of the material that would be addressed in this phase, we are proposing that this phase be heard in Vancouver.

Phase II, Facilities and
Marine Operations. We propose that this phase deal with
the proposed facilities and operational systems, navigation
and navigational risks, the effects on other marine operations and operational risks. We suggest that it start
with the evidence by the Applicant or Applicants of their
proposed projects, including discussion of proposed routes

1 and alternatives, the terminal facilities, which would include the docks, tank farms and so on and aspects of 3 design, construction and operation of marine facilities. We anticipate that the Inquiry will also consider in this phase the expected makeup of the tanker vessel fleet, including such characteristics as size, age and nationality of registry, matters pertaining to the navigation as vessels, and the risks involved in the movement of very 9 large crude oil carriers and examination of various design 10 features of tankers and their effect on the safe operation 11 of the vessel and the possibility of limiting the extent 12 of the pollution in the event of an accident. We expect 13 that the Inquiry will address the navigational risks 14 involved due to the ship's characteristics and limitations 15 and to the constraints placed on the vessel by the nature 16 of the area of operation, the conditions experienced 17 within the area, and the accuracy of the information 18 sources. 19

The effectiveness of different types of navigational aids will be considered, together with the provision of services such as vessel traffic management, pilotage and tug escorts.

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Phase II will also deal with the expected conflict with other ship traffic including the impact of the proposed tanker operations on fishing operations. We expect to deal here as well with the

adequacy of Marine Search and Rescue requirements related to tanker operation, with compensation for any damage that may arise from tanker operation and the effect on other shipping from the augmented services that would be provided for the tanker traffic.

The operational risks we anticipate will be covered here by those arising from an oil spill which may occur during the operation of the terminal, either in unloading or in association with the operation of the tank farm. Pollutant discharges which may occur enroute, including tank washing or bilge discharge and evidence of other pollutant discharges which may occur in port, such as sewage, stack emissions or from tank venting will also be heard at this time. In this phase we will also include consideration of alternative port sites on the B.C. coast in light of the factors under consideration.

We propose that the project description part of this phase be held in Kitimat and that the navigation and operational risks part be held in Vancouver.

Phase III will deal with the Environmental Impact. In the first part of Phase III we anticipate dealing with the dispersal ofspilled oil by physical forces of the environment and with the contingency plans proposed to contain and clean up any accidentally

spilled oil. We expect to hear evidence on the company's proposals, the Government agency plans and international arrangements. We anticipate that with respect to the impact on fish resources we will hear evidence on the resources at risk, including those species of fish that may be affected, the effect of oil spills on these fish resources, including the general effects on the marine echo systems and the effect on specific fish species.

We expect to hear evidence on the control of damage from spills, on the effectiveness of oil spill counter-measures and on the side effects of clean-up methods and chemicals.

Finally, with respect to the fish resources, we anticipate evidence on impacts of construction and operation of facilities and the effects of regulated pollutant discharges. The third part of the Environmental Phase would deal with the impact on resources other than Fisheries Resources such as the general ecological marine values, marine birds and mammals, recreational and heritage resources and air quality as they may be affected by oil tanker traffic for terminal projects. We anticipate hearing evidence on the effectiveness of the proposed counter-measures to protect those resources from oil spills and other impacts on these resources from construction and operation of facilities and from regulated pollutant discharges.

We propose that evidence be

called in Vancouver except for the evidence with respect to the Fish Resources which we suggest be called in Prince Rupert.

Phase IV, Social and

Economic Impact. We are proposing that the fourth phase deal with the Social and Economic Impact that would be felt by British Columbia, by the local areas and by the local Native Communities as a result of the construction and normal operation of the proposed facilities, and as a result of any oil spills, marine conflicts or other hazards associated with the project. We would expect in this phase evidence regarding impact on local industries, in particular on the fishing industry and impacts on other resource use. The economic and social significance of such impacts on the communities will also enter into here. We would expect evidence on the local and regional economies and how these economies will cope with, suffer from or benefit from the employment and expenditures associated with the construction and operation of the proposed facility. In this regard we would also expect evidence on the social as well as the economic pressures locally as a result of increased population and heightened business activity during construction.

This phase would also include evidence on local development plans or possiblities and how the proposed development might enhance or preclude other

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development for the area.

With respect to the impact felt by the Native Communities, we would expect evidence on the extent and significance of impact on resources, particularly as they related to Native food and commercial fisheries, on construction and operation employment impact and on social disruptions due to construction employment, resource loss and additional local development.

We are proposing that this stage be located in Prince Rupert and the Terrace-Kitimat area with the Prince Rupert sittings focussing on the fishing industry impact and the Kitimat-Terrace sittings deal with the other impacts.

Those are the four phases as we see them, Mr. Commissioner. Perhaps I should make a comment here with respect to the question of alternatives, alternative proposals, alternative sites and so on. We believe it is important for the Inquiry to examine not only the current proposals for pipelines and related marine facilities, but also to look at alternatives. While the Kitimat and Trans Mountain proposals will provide the focus to the Inquiry, we believe it is only with reference to alternatives that the merits of these proposals can be fully assessed. Rather than have an alternative phase we are proposing that consideration to alternatives be given in each of the phases. Thus, in

Phase I on Crude Oil Demands and Supply, the implications for tanker traffic, broad alternative means of satisfying the oil requirement would be considered. In the Marine Phase, Phase II, alternative port sites and traffic routes or other specifications would be considered and so on.

Mr. Commissioner, perhaps
this is the appropriate place to say a few words about the
timing of the Inquiry, I know this is a matter of great
concern. As I have stated, we have suggested that Phase
I begin on July 1st, 1977. After you have heard our submissions and the submissions of others, you will then
decide --

THE COMMISSIONER: Pardon

me, what date did you say?

MR. RUSSELL: July the 11th

There is a sigh of relief I am sure, July the 11th.

We understand that following

our submission and the submissions of others, that you will then decide when in fact the Inquiry should start its Formal Hearings. That is our submission however as the starting date for Phase I.

For our planning purposes, and keeping in mind the consideration of the Order-in-Council, we have assumed that the Hearings will be completed by December 15th of this year. We are advised that the TERMPOL assessment by the Government of Canada will be

available to this Inquiry and to the participants by no later than June 1st. If the phasing proposal which I have outlined were to be adopted, we anticipate that Phase II on Marine Facilities would begin about September 1st, that Phase III on the Environmental Impacts would begin about October 1st, and that Phase IV on the Social and Economic Impact would begin about November 1st. anticipate, and for our purposes have assumed throughout that the Inquiry will sit three weeks per month. This would mean, for example, Mr. Commissioner, that the impact on fish would be heard about the middle of October and the impact on the fishing industry, which we see as part of the socio-economic phase and the next logical step would take place approximately early November. Also the socio-economic phase which is of greatest concern in community interest in many ways would then take place sometime after November of this year.

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nize the need for participants to have time to effectively participate. We also recognize that this is a very important element in the Inquiry. We also recognize that the Hearing must be timely and must recognize legitimate interests of all. In our view Phase I could begin on July 11th, especially since, in our understanding of this phase, Commission Counsel would have a great responsibility

Mr. Commissioner, we recog-

in bringing together and presenting this background evi-

evidence to the Inquiry.

I would like to now turn to the Procedural Aspects of our submission. These are found in Section C to G inclusive of the outline as submitted.

I must re-emphasize here of course that these do not apply to the Community Hearings, they are quite unnecessary in that context.

I must emphasize, is not to create technicalities that hinder participation but rather come to an agreement on a simple set of rules for the fair conduct of this Inquiry. By discussiong them and considering them at this Preliminary Hearing it is our hope that the Rules that are ultimately established will be familiar to all the participants and will be a vehicle for their effective participation. I might add that we fully expect that some of these Rules will be varied by your order, Mr. Commissioner, as required to fairly deal with all the participants. The Rules therefore are not written in stone but we suggest they be adopted initially and then varied if necessary as experience dictates.

In paragraphs 5 and 6, Mr.

Commissioner, I have outlined a definition of Participant
before the Inquiry. It is likely in an Inquiry of this
length and complexity that there will be a core of participants who will be active to varying degrees throughout

the whole of the Inquiry. These people we have identified as the major participants. In addition we expect that there will be others who merely wish to attend from time to time to make a formal submission or question experts called by others. These participants would then not be bound by all the formal rules that we are outlining at this time. Our proposals are that the major participants be identified by this Inquiry and be bound by the special procedural rules that follow. In addition the Inquiry will keep a list of all the participants as those who have indicated their intention to participate in the Formal Hearings, that list be maintained by the Inquiry Office as a matter of record to ensure that the participants are kept informed of the progress of the Inquiry and the timing of the various sessions of the Inquiry.

I would like to now refer to Section D under the heading "Production of Documents".

To have a full and open Inquiry it is essential that all parties have knowledge of and access to all of the documents relevant to the matters before this Inquiry. Our proposal is as follows:

That all major participants before the Inquiry shall, at an early date as determined by the Commissioner, file with the Inquiry and circulate to the other major participants a list of reports, studies or other documents within their possession or power

which are relevant to the subject matter of the Inquiry, including those for which privilege may be proposed to be claimed.

This indicates, Mr.

Paragraph 8 we state,

Commissioner, our intention to obtain from the major participants a complete list. While drawing a strict line may be difficult, I think it is clear that reports, studies and other documents must receive a reasonable interpretation. Reports marked "Draft" are still reports while correspondence on related or relevant issues before the Inquiry are not the sorts of documents we have in mind in this section. We also mean, Mr. Commissioner, major participants to include the consultants to these major participants.

The List of Documents shall be available for inspection by any participant before the Inquiry and, upon notice to Commission Counsel and to the participant filing the list, any participant may demand production of any document on the list.

Paragraph 9.

Upon reasonable notice being given to the Inquiry and to Commission Counsel, any participant may bring before the Commissioner an application for production of any listed document if production has been refused or for a further or better List

of Documents. The participant may, in addition
to the above, request production of any particular
report, study or document known to him and in the
possession or power of any other participant.

The last line, Mr.

Commissioner, refers to those reports that we may know of but that through inadvertence have been omitted from a List of Documents.

I think it goes without saying, Mr. Commissioner, that it will be necessary from time to time for the parties to file supplementary lists as new reports come into our possession.

The final aspects of the production in paragraph 10 states that,

Commission Counsel shall solicit and file the
List of Documents on behalf of the Government
of Canada

and in view of the fact Mr. Edwards is now here on behalf of the Province of British Columbia, I will allow him to comment on Provincial documents. I perhaps can elaborate on that slightly. The Government of Canada has taken the position it will not be a formal participant in the Inquiry and therefore I have commenced discussions with key government departments to have a List of Documents available. This process, with the co-operation of the Government, has already started and we anticipate being in

a position to commence production of these documents at a very early date. Many reports have already been made available to the Inquiry and we are seeking a complete list and production of the necessary reports so that all the participants will have an opportunity to examine those reports.

Perhaps I might also make a comment here, with respect to witnesses from the Government of Canada. Arrangements are now being completed whereby witnesses employed by the Government of Canada will be made available to give evidence before the Inquiry whether requested to appear by Commission Counsel or by one of the participants. The witnesses will appear at this Inquiry at the expense of the Government. Therefore, should any participant wish to call a witness employed by the Government of Canada, he should communicate his intention to myself and we will facilitate the contact as a matter of courtesy and then it's up to the participant to facilitate and prepare that witness to give evidence to this Inquiry.

Section E is called

Discovery of Witnesses, which is a bit of a misnomer.

The purpose of the recommendation here is to ensure that participants in a Formal Hearing are forewarned and also that they forewarn others of the evidence they propose to call so that the other participants can have the necessary

advisors with them and so that they can follow the witness' testimony intelligently and be in a position to cross-examine effectively and we hope more efficiently. We have therefore recommended that every participant, before giving evidence or calling witnesses on his behalf at the Formal Hearings shall file with the Inquiry and circulate to the major participants at least two weeks before giving evidence or calling such evidence a text or full synopsis of that evidence together with a list of any reports, studies or other documents to which the witness may refer or upon which he may rely.

Paragraph F refers to the order that evidence should be presented. In our view, the Applicant as the proponent of a scheme that has in many ways spawned this Inquiry should have the right and the obligation to present its evidence first as a general rule. Also, Commission Counsel which has been assigned the mop up operation, shall we say, of calling whatever evidence is not called by the participants, should, as a general rule, call its evidence last. We recognize however this is not a trial, it is an Inquiry, therefore we recognize that the order may be varied by agreement or if directed by yourself, sir. In some cases Commission Counsel may agree it should go first to present certain base line information, then after the other participants have called their evidence on that particular issue may perform his

mop up function of calling any additional evidence that should properly be before the Inquiry.

Paragraph 13 also suggests in the last part of that paragraph one of the possible ways in which evidence could be called and we are suggesting that in certain circumstances, either by agreement or as may be directed by you, the evidence on a particular matter may be presented by Commission Counsel on behalf of all the participants to enable varied and perhaps conflicting evidence to be presented together and allow the experts to discuss their evidence and question and probe each other's evidence before any cross-examination by the parties themselves. As I say that is merely one example of the type of structure that I think may evolve. We intend to be flexible, we intend to be creative to be sure that the best evidence is presented to the Inquiry in the most efficient way.

Section G of the Submission merely makes it clear that any of the participants may make an application to you for ruling on any matter that cannot be resolved by mutual agreement. As also, Mr. Commissioner, of course this Inquiry has the power of subpoena and an application can be made to compel the attenandance of a witness or production of relevant documents.

The final section I wish to

deal with is the section on Community Hearings. We regard the evidence emanating from these Hearings to be as important as that in the Formal Hearings. However, the very nature of Community Hearings is that they must be conducted in a manner that is acceptable to the community, hence the procedures will vary from community to community and perhaps from time to time. We have recommended, therefore, that in addition to the Formal Hearings the Inquiry shall conduct Community Hearings in all of the communities requesting such hearings where, in the view of the Commissioner there is evidence that should properly come before the Inquiry. The Community Hearings shall not .commence until the Formal Hearings are well underway so the communities will be informed as to the nature of the evidence before the Inquiry at the Formal Hearings. And the Inquiry and your Inquiry Staff accepts an obligation to communicate the information generated at the Formal Hearings to the communities to ensure their effective and informed participation.

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We recommend also that the timing, the format and the structure of the Community Hearings be determined by yourself following discussion with the various major interveners and the communities themselves. The formal Rules of Evidence and Procedure will not apply with respect to the Community Hearings.

Witnesses should be encouraged, however, wherever possible

Thank you, Mr.

to file a written submission with the Inquiry. All evidence will be presented orally and will not be subject to cross-examination.

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Those, Mr. Commissioner, are the Commission Counsel's recommendations for your consideration. We invite comments and undoubtedly criticisms from other participants to ensure that whatever the procedure adopted by this Inquiry, it will be recognized by all as being reasonable and fair. Thank you, Mr. Commissioner.

Anthony. I am going to adjourn now for a break for fifteen minutes, I believe coffee is available at the back of the hall and we would like to stretch our legs. Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER:

(PROCEEDINGS ADJOURNED FOR FIFTEEN MINUTES.)

(PROCEEDINGS RESUMED PURSUANT TO ADJOURNMENT.)

THE COMMISSIONER: I am now going to invite those who indicated they wanted to participate this afternoon to come to the microphones and make their submissions. Before doing so I just want to remind you that this session will continue this evening from the point at which we finish this afternoon so that if you are on the list and you don't get a chance to speak this afternoon you will have the opportunity this evening. If necessary we will continue tomorrow morning.

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I understand that the mailing

lists have been circulated and if you haven't had a chance to put your name on the mailing list it's now available with the Secretary to the Commission and you can give your name to her. The list will also be circulated again this evening.

Now in making submissions this afternoon with respect to the subject of funding, all we would like to do at this time is to have notice, to have you tell us of your intention to apply for funding, we are not asking you today to give the details or budget or information of that nature. We will follow up your intention to apply for funding, we will follow that up later so that we have completed details by May the llth as I indicated to your earlier. This afternoon with respect to funding it is our purpose only to receive notice of your intention to apply. If there are questions in a general way about funding they may be raised of course.

Mr. Edwards for the Attorney-General's Office of British Columbia.

MR. EDWARDS: Thank you, Dr.

Thompson, I hope the microphone is working better than it was earlier, it seems to be.

THE COMMISSIONER: Can you hear?

Thank you.

MR. EDWARDS: I would like first

of all if I might just to outline the intended nature of the Province's participation and then to make a few comments about the procedures proposed by my friend, Mr. Anthony. First of all, Mr. Chairman, British Columbia is not participating in this Inquiry to support or oppose a particular proposal or at this stage to take a defined position on any issue which the Inquiry might consider. However, we reserve the right to support or oppose a particular proposal at a later stage of the Inquiry or to take a defined position in relation to any of the issues which might be considered by the Commission as the evidence develops.

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do that.

MR. EDWARDS: The letter is

dated May 3rd, 1977, and it's directed to Dr. Andrew R.

The nature of British

Columbia's participation was briefly outlined last week in a press announcement made by the Minister of Energy, Transport and Communications on April 28th by the Honourable Jack Davis and further he has provided me with a letter which I delivered to you today through Counsel outlining the Province's position in some further detail and I wonder if I might read that letter into the record, I think it would help to point out to those present exactly the position of the Province.

THE COMMISSIONER: Yes, please

Thompson, Commissioner, Kitimat Oil Port Inquiry, and it reads as follows:

"Dear Dr. Thompson:

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On behalf of the Government of British Columbia I am pleased to offer our full cooperation in providing your Inquiry with documentary information and expertise brought together by the Energy Transportation Task Force of the Provincial Government. This Task Force is an interdisciplinary group which has been organized to analyze the various project proposals which might come forward on West Coast oil delivery systems. Studies prepared by the Task Force have been based on information in the public domain or generated by provincial agencies. These studies are not complete due largely to a lack of hard information on a number of important environmental and navigational considerations and to some extent by the absence of a clear national policy on the geographic pattern of crude oil delivery.

Because much remains unknown the

Province has yet to take an official position in
relation to the Kitimat proposal or any alternative proposal. We hope that your Inquiry will
bring forward a good deal of the hard information we regard as lacking and thereby allow for

"more informed and complete consideration of the
Kitimat proposal.

witnesses before the Commission knowledgeable personnel from the Task Force who will offer their own judgment and opinions of issues within their areas of expertise. These will of course represent the professional judgment of these individuals and will not necessarily represent official provincial policy on specific issues."

Signed:

"Yours Sincerely, Jack Davis, Minister."

As is pointed out in Mr.

Davis' letter, British Columbia has established an interagency Task Force comprised of persons from the following Ministries and Agencies:

The Ministry of the Attorney-General, the British

Columbia Energy Commission, the Environment and

Land Use Committee Secretariat which is channeling

input from the Ministries of Environment and

Recreation and Conservation, the Ministry of

Energy Transport and Communications, and finally

the Ministry of Economic Development.

This Task Force has been chaired by Mr. Robert Green of the British Columbia Energy

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Commission who is on my left and has been responsible for analysis of Environmental, Socio-Economic, Navigational and Energy Policy Aspects of the movement of crude oil from offshore through British Columbia.

outline of the Province's intended participation and an outline of what the Province has done in relation to the issues which are before this Inquiry so far. I have a few comments now I would like to make which will further expand on how we intend to put forward material which the Province has at hand and make it available to the Commission and other participants. These will relate as well to the procedures and as I indicated will, to some extent, respond to what Mr. Anthony has suggested in relation to those procedures.

First of all I would like to indicate that a List of Documents in the hands of and prepared by agencies constituting the Provincial Task Force to which I have referred and bearing on questions before this Inquiry is presently under preparation. We hope to be in a position to make that list available to the Commission very shortly. The materials referred to in this list will be made available to the Commission and will henceforth be regarded by the Province as in the public domain. This List of Documents will be comprehensive of all material generated by or relied on by the various agencies participat—

ing in the Task Force in the preparation of their studies and analyses.

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I would like to just stress again, if I may, that none of these documents represent Government policy. To a large extent they represent the attitudes and the initial views and analyses of individuals in the agencies concerned and to a very great extent they are preliminary assessment on a number of the issues. Some of these studies and documents have been put together on the basis of incomplete information, as I am sure you are not surprised to learn. None of the documents have been considered by any policy decision making body of the Government and none have been endorsed or rejected by the Government. It is our submission in relation to putting this material before the Inquiry and we depart here somewhat from what has been proposed by Commission Counsel, that the documentary information referred to in the Province's document list be put in the hands of the Commission to be released and disseminated by the Commission to those parties interested. It is our further submission that participants wishing to clarify aspects of matters dealt with in these documents should have the opportunity to do so in one or both of the following ways. First of all we would propose that such participants be permitted to file an interrogatory, that is, a written question with the Commission directed at the Province seeking clarification

on questions arising from the documentary material. The Province would then respond in writing to the interrogatories to the extent possible and copies of the interrogatories and responses could be made available to other parties as the Commission directed. Indeed, it's our submission that this interrogatory procedure might well be adopted in relation to all written material before the Inquiry by major participants.

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Second, we propose that the Province will make available at appropriate stages of the Hearings witnesses to be cross-examined by other participants in connection with matters dealt with in the documentary material. We would not intend to limit the evidence given by these witnesses to matters dealt with in the documentary material. Questions relating to all aspects within the witnesses area of expertise would be fair game. I would like to just interject there that in suggesting witnesses would be put forward in this way by the Province I am not conceding that we wouldn't put forward witnesses in support of a particular position the Province chose to adopt later on on an issue or in support or opposition to one or another proposal. We would suggest in relation to this system of interrogatories that if it is adopted by the Commission the Commission impose deadlines for the filing of and the responses to interrogatories in order to clear the way for the various phases of

Hearings.

With respect to those phases and what we have heard from Mr. Anthony earlier today the Province has no submission to make and is prepared to deal with these phases in any sequence which commends itself to the Commission. The timing doesn't concern us either, we are satisfied with what Mr. Anthony has suggested. That's all I have at this time on procedures.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you very much, Mr. Edwards.

MR. GALLON: Mr. Commissioner, if I may make a point of information. During the break I was speaking with quite a few of the people in the back and these is some concern about smoking. Would it at all be possible for those here not to smoke in regards to the meeting and the pollution it would cause in this hall.

Gallon. Earlier when I noticed some people were smoking I thought that I would have the opportunity to make my first ruling and then I got distracted. I think as a matter of courtesy to everybody here that if someone wants to smoke they should excuse themselves out one of the doorways here and then there will be coffee breaks but apart from that there shouldn't be any smoking in the Hearing Room. Thank you.

Now proceeding with our list,

Mr. Currie. Excuse me, Mr. Currie, I will have to ask everybody who speaks to come to a mike so we are sure it reaches.

MP. CURRIE: Mr. Commissioner, the position of the Council of the District f Mitimat is very similar to that of the Province of British Columbia in that the Council has not yet taken a position with respect to this application. The Council is hoping that in the early stages of the Inquiry facts will be brought out by expert testimony on which it can make a decision.

The District of Kitimat is the only urban municipality that will be the location for the principal facilities of the Kitimat Pipeline Co. Ltd. and as such the Council intends to be a major participant and intervener in the application. It is the intention of the Municipality to ask for funds and it is the intention of the Municipality to invite you to hold Community Hearings at Kitimat. Thank you very much, Mr. Commissioner.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you very much, Mr. Currie. Mr. Saville.

MR. SAVILLE: Mr. Commissioner, I have listened with interest to the proposal as outlined by Commission Counsel and on behalf of Kitimat Pipeline Ltd.

I wish to advise that the basic format that he has outlined as his recommendation is acceptable to us. I think I should add just one thing and that is that I think everyone should

1 realize right from the first, right from the beginning, 2 that there are areas that you will touch upon that I don't 3 think it necessarily follows that my client should be expected to take the lead. We are prepared to make our 5 people available, our policy witnesses and our experts, but 6 there certainly will be times when we will be prepared to 7 lead and put forth our position and have our people available. There will, however, be other cases where the control and jurisdiction of what happens in relation to 10 for example the operation of the tankers on the coast is 11 the legitimate function and within the jurisdiction of the 12 Government of Canada and while we will make our people 13 available and they will have a position to take as to how 14 those kinds of operations should be carried out, neverthe-15 less we would expect that it was mainly the function of the 16 Government of Canada to deal with those matters and that 17 you would expect those people to come forward and provide 18 the hard information that you require in order to assess 19 this process. Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you, Mr. Saville. I think that your point is understood and that arrangements from time to time will be made with Commission Counsel as he suggested too as to who will take the lead in presenting evidence.

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I am going to ask Mr.

McEachern to speak next as representing the other pipeline

company. Thank you. Mr. McEachern.

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MR. McEACHERN: Mr. Commissioner, Trans Mountain's position is somewhat incongruous and difficult to state at the moment because we are in danger of being entrapped by a number of jurisdictional problems. Trans Mountain does not seek any license, permit or permission to build or operate any port facilities in Canada. The non-marine aspects of our proposal are to be considered in full by the National Energy Board in due course. The marine aspects of Trans Mountain's application to the National Energy Board are being considered or will be considered by the Energy Facilities Fight Evaluation Council of the State of Washington and other U.S. agencies. Trans Mountain therefore prefers to withhold any comment on the marine aspects of this proposal until it is known how the U.S. agencies propose to deal with the application which is now pending before them. It is expected, however, that that information will be in hand well before the proposed starting date of July 11th, 1977, for your Hearings.

Trans Mountain does not consider that its application to the National Energy Board in any way depends upon a determination that Kitimat is or is not a suitable oil port. Trans Mountain does not presently propose to participate in this Commission's Inquiry into the suitability or otherwise of Kitimat as an

oil port. As I have mentioned, our project will be based upon its own merits and not upon the deficiencies, if any, of the Kitimat project.

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For the reasons that I have stated Trans Mountain does not consider itself to be a major participant in the work of this Inquiry related to the suitability of Kitimat as an oil port and we are not yet ready to make a decision as to whether we are a major participant insofar as the marine aspects of our own proposal is concerned until clarification is obtained regarding the means by which Trans Mountain's proposal will be dealt with by the relevant U.S. agencies. As I have said that will be well known prior to July 11th. It's necessary therefore for us to say at this time that while we wish you well we are not sure the extent to which we will be participating in your Inquiry but I can assure you that we will cooperate with you in every way we can as long as in doing so it does not prejudice the total project that we have in mind for which application has been made to the relevant authorities.

We would like to discuss with Counsel for the Commission, as his convenience, the question of the extent to which we can cooperate in these circumstances and how we will assist him in the work that he will have to do and we would like however to reserve our agreement or concurrence with his proposed procedures

until our own role is more clearly defined. Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you, Mr.

McEachern. Commission Counsel, do you have any comment you wish to make?

MR. ANTHONY: If it might assist the participants and other people who are here this afternoon to have at least one bit of clarification. Mr.

McEachern, you have indicated that the marine aspects, information on marine aspects will be filed with the American agencies in the State of Washington and perhaps other Federal agencies, is it the intention of Trans

Mountain to make that information available to this Inquiry at an early date or at least at the time that the material has been filed and properly processed through the American hearing process?

MR. McEACHERN: Well, Mr.

Commissioner, I am sure the answer to that question is in the affirmative but I prefer not to make an assurance that it will be filed with the Commission because by doing so I may make myself a major participant. The language of your Counsel's memorandum leads me to be cautious but it will certainly be available.

THE COMMISSIONER: Do you have any any further comment, Mr. Anthony?

MR. ANTHONY: My only comment is I would anticipate the decision as to who was a major par-

ticipant will depend on the sort of information that they have in some part too, and I would hope whether or not Trans Mountain decides to attend on a regular basis to participate in the deliberations that they will ensure that the evidence that is required by this Commission is made available. I think that's what Mr. McEachern is telling you or I hope that is what he is telling you.

MR. McEACHERN: That is right.

THE COMMISSIONER: And as I understand the position, appreciating the difficulty you may find yourself in with having to respond to two jurisdictions, one in the State of Washington and this one, I understand the position you are taking but I think you understand too that it is my responsibility in this Inquiry to look into the Marine Traffic aspects, whether they have to do with traffic into the Port of Kitimat or traffic that would otherwise effect Canada's waters on the West Coast and that we will have to proceed in that respect whether Trans Mountain in the end decides to be a major participant or not.

> MR. McEACHERN: We understand that. THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

I will now go back to following the list. Mr. Gallon.

MR. GALLON: Thank you, Mr.

The Kitimat Oil Coalition has immediate and Commissioner. direct concern regarding the establishment of oil ports on

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1 the West Coast, whether it be at Kitimat or Cherry Point or 2 Point Angeles. Our concerns are in regard to the 3 Fisheries, commerical, recreation or Indian Food Fisheries. 4 Our concerns are in regard to the protection of water fowl, 5 wildlife and wilderness, also the protection of the 6 beautiful esthetics of the region, the livability, the 7 enjoyment of both residents and visitors to the regions 8 that would be affected possibly by tanker routes and oil 9 spills. We wish to be a major participant. 10 In representing the 20 groups or 11

the 21 groups I should qualify, they are as follows: SPEC, B.C. Wildlife Federation, Federation of B.C. Naturalists, Greenpeace, Canadian Society of Environmental Biologists, The United Fishermen and Allied Workers' Union, B.C. Sierra Club, Telkwa Foundation, Smithers, Save Our Shores, Prince Rupert, TASK, Terrace. COAST for the Oueen Charlottes. CLEARWATER for Duncan, Clean Shores for Nanaimo. Blue Peace for Victoria and Sooke, the West Coast Environmental Law Association, Kitimat SPEC, The Hartley Bay Environmental Group, CASE Victoria. The Kitimat Coalition Against the Pipeline, Kitimat. The Prince Rupert Amalgamated Shore Workers and Clerks' Union

Local 1674, and finally, The Canadian

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Association of Smelter and Allied Workers'

These represent about 70,000 people.

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I must say here that we plan to represent them in the formal portion of the Hearings on an ongoing basis and that they themselves will be participating possibly in the Formal Hearings from time to time as well as the Community Hearings.

We wish to discuss funding, timing of the hearing, place of hearing, and terms of reference. Now I will briefly submit to you the portion in regards to funding and then give you Marvin Storrow, our Legal Counsel, to discuss the other aspects we are now concerned about. It is clear by the very fact of the existence and creation of this Commission that the Coalition's concerns are important to the Government of Canada. The organizations represented by the Coalition are by and large the most active and vital of the concerned organizations in the Province of British Columbia. It is not disputed, however, that there are organizations who are also very aware of the issues and experienced in the topics and who are not members of this Coalition. It is the Coalition's view, though, that the combined effect of the members of the Coalition is such that as a unit it has the broadest interest base and the most dynamic position to put before this Commission.

The members of the Coalition as has been stated represent several thousand citizens in the Province and the Coalition members, for the most part, have been active for a number of years in Environment, Social and Fisheries affairs, and in the case of some of the members of the Coalition are devoted on a full-time basis to these matters.

anticipated length of the hearings is approximately 23 weeks, a period of time of no less than eight weeks will be required by us to prepare for this hearing. It is clear also that in order to properly put before the Commission the position of the Coalition that a substantial amount of Government monetary assistance will be necessary to properly place before this Commission a sufficient body of evidence to thoroughly inform the Commission of the Ecological, Social and Fisheries issues and solutions.

It will be necessary therefore for the Coalition to have Legal Counsel, both senior and junior, working full-time on the hearings and for there to be not only counsel constantly in attendance at the hearings but also for advisers to be with counsel throughout it.

It will be necessary for witnesses to be interviewed, for witnesses to be paid in some instances, and for offices to be established both in the Kitimat-Prince Rupert area as well as in Vancouver. For

these offices to be staffed and for transportation and living expenses to be allocated to the individuals operating within the offices where necessary.

The members of the Coalition are almost exclusively organizations that depend on outside donations to maintain themselves. The Coalition has already devoted several hundred hours of time in preparing for the Hearing and has expended approximately \$6,000.00. The members of the Coalition are prepared to devote their time without charge to the ends of the Coalition but unfortunately the Coalition is almost entirely without cash resources and will depend exclusively upon the Government of Canada for monetary assistance.

The Coalition is highly organized and will have available if resources are provided a team of co-ordinators, accountants and scientists and lawyers who will ensure that any monies received will be properly and efficiently disbursed and accounted for. To this end we have arranged for the firm of Price and Waterhouse, Chartered Accountants, to manage and disburse any public monies received by the Coalition.

The anticipated money requirements of the Coalition are attached in our application as Schedule B, and the monies are based entirely on the present knowledge and on the premise that the Hearing preparation time allowed will be eight weeks and that the

Hearings themselves will commence July 11th and run to the 15th of December, a total of 23 weeks. So we are looking at about 31 weeks. In the event that the Hearings extend beyond the time anticipated, it will be necessary for the Coalition to make further requests for financial assistance. The amount that we seek will be \$456,000.00. We appreciate that the amount sought on behalf of the Coalition is large. We do submit, however, that the amounts are realistic in every instance and are essential if this Commission is to have before it a complete body of evidence to deal adequately with the Environmental, Social and Fisheries considerations that are inherent in the applications put before this Commission. That is our request for funding, Mr. Commissioner. You will have before you a detailed application outlining our request for funds.

Now I would like to give you Mr. Marvin Storrow, our Legal Counsel, to discuss the Terms of Reference.

MR. STORROW: Mr. Commissioner, we have eleven Terms of Reference points to make. I shall try to make them briefly and succinctly for you.

First of all, in answer to

Mr. McEachern on behalf of Trans Mountain, it is our submission that your Terms of Reference must include considerations of West Coast Port possibilities whether they be in

Canada or not. In your document that is dated the 21st of

April, on page 2, you specifically refer to Cherry Point, Washington, and to Trans Mountain Pipeline's application. It is our position that this Inquiry must be concerned with that matter.

With respect to Mr. Saville's submission on behalf of Kitimat Pipeline Ltd. it is our submission to you that Kitimat Pipeline Ltd., being a proponent here must, in every instance, unless there are extraordinary circumstances, produce its evidence first. It is our position that they are here to show you that their proposal is worthy and justified and if they don't have to go first and call their evidence first, there might be a tendency to shift the onus on to others who are here to respond and perhaps criticize their application.

With respect to Mr. Edwards speaking on behalf of the Attorney-General of the Province of British Columbia, he seems to wish to put the Province of British Columbia into a special category from an evidentiary point of view and we take strong objection to this. First of all, your Terms of Reference allow you to call witnesses and to subpoena persons here and to subpoena documents here. The Government of British Columbia is in no different a position than any other citizen in Canada in this respect and if you desire or anyone else desires to have subpoenaed a member of the Province of British Columbia Civil Service who is not a member of the

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Task Force, and I don't think you should be in a position where you have to refuse this request and I think that you ought to make your position clear to the Government of British Columbia forthwith and you are not going to restrict witnesses from the Province to those selected by the Province. You are running the Commission, not Mr. Davis.

Now some of the other points that I am going to discuss have already been dwelt on here. We suggest and submit to you that the Terms of Reference that you deal with during your Inquiry ought to include marine and non-marine alternatives to the Kitimat Pipeline Ltd. proposal. We suggest that the major hearings be in Kitimat, Prince Rupert, Vancouver and Masset. We believe it desirable that some of the hearings take place in Masset in order that you can bring home to all parties concerned the area that could be the most affected if the oil tankers are allowed to proceed down the coast and I think it will be a way of giving everyone a visual concept of the situation in living colour. So we would like to add Masset to the possible places for hearings. Those are Formal Hearings.

We have a question of you, we would like to know your timing with respect to the informal hearings. Are you going to deal with the Formal Hearings first and then the Community Hearings following all the

Formal Hearings or do you intend to intersperse Formal with Community Hearings. We would like to suggest that as a procedural matter, and I believe you have this authority within your mandate, you allow Examination for Discovery of persons to take place at the request of interveners or parties to the application and Examination for Discovery by affidavit means of documents. We don't want to be in a position of taking handouts from the corporations or others involved, we want to know all of their documents, not just the ones they wish to tell us about.

As I understand it, the
Berger Inquiry had a similar sort of procedure and if it
didn't, if I am wrong, I suggest that you commence that
sort of procedure. We would like you to include in your
Terms of Reference --

THE COMMISSIONER: Pardon me, did you mean similar to Berger or similar to the one you just suggested?

MR. STORROW: As I understand it, the Berger Hearings had an Examination for Discovery like procedure similar to the one I suggested. I haven't had a chance to confirm that and I am saying if it didn't, you nonetheless should adopt this type of procedure.

We would like you to consider the ramifications of oil pipeline breaks and the potential problems that oil spills through the pipeline breaks could

cause to marine estuaries. Inherent in the application to tank oil down the coast of British Columbia is that there is a pipeline from British Columbia, Kitimat, or wherever, to another place. Once you work on the premise that there is going to be a pipeline I think you have to take into account the dangers inherent in spills from the pipeline.

THE COMMISSIONER: Do I take it you are referring specifically to the spills that would affect marine estuaries?

MR. STORROW: That is the primary concern, yes. As part of your Terms of Reference we would like you to consider oil spills in Canadian waters, the oil from which, because of currents that flow into American waters, probably the best example of this is the Alaskan Panhandle. We feel that that's a consideration although it might be something extra-territorial, I think that we owe the duty to our neighbour to consider the possibility of damaging their environment as well.

We would like to know from you, sir, if the transcripts of evidence on a daily basis will be available to interveners at no cost to the interveners. It's clear that these hearings will take a considerable amount of time to complete, there will be a large body of transcript evidence, it's likely that written submissions will have to take place following the completion of the evidence, and as I think we all know it's

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difficult to complete a written submission after several months without the benefit of transcript evidence.

We have filed with you a letter dated the 3rd of May and that letter has two submissions within it. I should deal with the second submission first. As I read the Terms of Reference given to you by the Privy Council on the 10th of March, you do not have the authority within your Terms of Reference to come to a determination that there ought to be no pipeline from Kitimat to Edmonton. At best, that authority is ambiguous and it is our suggestion and submission to you that you seek an amendment of your mandate to include the authority to find or to recommend and report upon the fact that you feel that there should not be or alternatively should be a pipeline from Kitimat to Edmonton. To that end we have drafted a proposed amendment and addition to your mandate and I will read that to you, it's on page 2 of the letter addressed to yourself.

We would like you to add the

following:

to inquire into and concerning and to report upon

- (i) whether or not a marine terminal and/or pipeline should be constructed at Kitimat, British Columbia.
- (ii) whether or not a marine tanker route

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Kitimat, British Columbia. S 1888 3 (iii) whether or not any other alternative

ought to be established at or near

routes, ports or pipeline proposals ought to be established .

It is our opinion, sir, and our submission to you that the Government of Canada has tied your hands here. They have asked you to embark upon an investigation but they have given you no authority to make any firm and conclusive findings and recommendations.

Lastly, we wish to state over great emphasis that we cannot be prepared to commence this hearing on the 11th of July, 1977, if we are expected to do a proper job on behalf of the Coalition that we represent, and secondarily and perhaps as part of that point, on behalf of yourself.

Some of our Coalition members are fishermen who won't be back into their towns and villages until sometime in October or November. preparation that will be required to properly produce for you an acceptable body of evidence will take much longer than two months. This Coalition does not expect to know that from you for several weeks whether or not it can finance its position. Following that, of course, we have to give two weeks notice of any witnesses that we propose to call and give you a submission along with the other interested

parties, a submission of the evidence we intend to put before you. If this was a civil case and as large as we anticipate this matter to be, probably a year to two years would be the ordinary acceptable time for preparation. We are asking that you don't commence this hearing until the 14th of November, 1977.

would prefer to wait.

There are studies, as we understand it, that are presently ongoing that aren't ready that will be necessary to us and to you. And so, sir, we submit to you with respect that you seriously consider adjourning this hearing from the 11th of July, assuming that's the fixed date, to the 14th of November, 1977.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you, Mr.

Storrow. There are a number of particular issues here that Mr. Anthony and Mr. Edwards may wish to respond to.

As to the issue of the Terms of Reference, other parties here may wish to comment on their adequacy and so I would ask Mr. Anthony and Mr. Edwards to hold back any comments as to the Terms of Reference until we have heard further on that subject. However, there was a question about the procedure for Discovery of Documents and maybe you might

MR. ANTHONY: Mr. Commissioner, perhaps I could say one thing at this time, it is our intention and our understanding that the documents relevant

have some comments on that now, Mr. Anthony, or maybe you

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to the Inquiry will be provided to the Inquiry and we will, in the first instance, rely on the participants themselves to file that information and we will, in the second instance, assure that that information is forthcoming through subpoena if necessary. First of all I can say that the procedures suggested by Mr. Storrow was not the procedure adopted at the Berger Inquiry, for whatever that is worth. We are no way bound by their experience other than I might say the procedure that I have outlined in the submission I have made to you is in general terms the procedure followed at the Mackenzie Valley Pipeline Inquiry and that procedure worked. There was extensive Discovery of Documents and I can say as one who participated in that proceeding that I felt the Discovery procedure was adequate. It relies on, as I say on the first instance on the goodwill of the parties but I think we can expect that and if not we can certainly demand that.

by Mr. Storrow I think I have no particular comment to make on them now. The question of the mandate and Terms of Reference I do have something to say but I will defer that to a later stage.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

Mr. Storrow made some comments as to the position to be taken by the Province of British Columbia and Mr. Edwards you might have some comments.

MR. EDWARDS: Well I just would

like to clear that up, Mr. Chairman. It's certainly not the intention of the Province to attempt to constrain other parties in whom they might call from among the staff of the Provincial agencies. I was merely suggesting that since the members of this Task Force had been the ones who essentially directed themselves to the issues to date that they would be the logical witnesses but certainly if other parties wish to go beyond that and call others we have no objection to that.

might comment on one point you questioned, Mr. Storrow.

You asked about the availability of transcripts on a daily basis at no cost to interveners. It will be the intention of the Inquiry, within the limits that will be placed on us in terms of funding, to make transcripts available, so far as possible. By that I mean that we will certainly make daily transcripts available in certain localities where they can be seen on a regular basis and we will also try to make transcripts available to major participants.

It may be that we will have to work out some sharing around because as I say of budget restraints, but we will make every effort possible to have them available to parties in the sense that you have mentioned.

By inviting some comment at this stage I am not intending to cut anybody off from

commenting as we go along and we will come back to this question of the Terms of Reference later.

Overgaard.

MR. OVERGAARD: I will be brief,
Mr. Commissioner. The Skeena-Queen Charlotte Regional
District brief lists two previously stated positions in a
formal resolution of January 28th, 1977 objecting to the
proposed pipeline for the reasons stated within the
resolution. Two, that at least one Formal Hearing be held
on the Queen Charlotte Islands and we support the Coalition's
movement in that respect.

Going down the list, Mr.

We are filing a notice for request for funding for a Public Opinion Survey. The rationale on that being, recognizing that the scope of such a survey could contain three elements:

- (a) the transportation of oil via marine routes at a
- (b) the location of the oil port
- (c) the pipeline

The board submits that the need exists to determine the majority public opinion on the proposal. This can be accomplished by the Regional District through a grant approved by the Commission of Inquiry under mutually acceptable terms, or by the Commission itself.

Lastly, the Board files notice to intervene at future public hearings. Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you, Mr.

Overgaard. Mr. Patrick.

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MR. PATRICK: Mr. Commissioner.

The mandate for the Executive of the Union of B.C. Indian Chiefs is very explicit. The resolution is only a week old and I would like to repeat that to you, that the Union of B.C. Indian Chiefs oppose this project which is the Kitimat Oil Port and any other major development project until Indian Land Claims in B.C. have been settled and implemented. The Union of B.C. Indian Chiefs support the opposition of the Indian people of Kitimat, the Queen Charlotte Islands, Prince Rupert and other Indian groups in the area to the proposal. That the Union of B.C. Indian Chiefs form a Committee to work with the concerned local communities in preparing a submission to the Thompson Commission for the funding of Indian participation in the Thompson Commission Hearings. That is itself very explicit and as I mentioned the thing is only a week old. The Executive is only a week old but these are some of the concerns that I see, feel that the Indian people see in regard to this Hearing.

I know that they won't put it quite in this way, but we are generating a lot of reading, interesting reading for the archives, the National Archives. A lot of my people feel this is a fait accompli. If I felt that way of course I wouldn't be

here and I would like to point out some of the people that I probably would have to represent whose opinions I have to take before you in further hearings. Some of these are the Indian people whose livelihood we are discussing at this very moment. They are in fact pursuing their livelihood out on the ocean.

I have a friend, Chief
William George, who lives in Takla Lake about 300 miles
north of Fort St. James and he shared with me several times
what he calls the King of Fish, the Spring Salmon. Now
this Spring Salmon goes through the Skeena River and if
there is ever any disaster his diet or the diet of he and
a thousand of his people will be severely curtailed. Now
these are very far flung areas in which co-ordination is
necessary and that is why we are seeking funding. Of
course we don't have the esoteric sophisticated charts,
graphs, hard copy that is the norm of the rest of the
people here, so obviously we will need some help in that
regard. Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you very

much, Mr. Patrick. Mr. Hagerman.

MR. HAGERMAN: I will file this

with the Secretary.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

MR. HAGERMAN: I wish to give

notice to the Commission that the Kitimat Public Library

intends to apply for funds. At the same time we wish it to 1 2 be understood that our position is neutral with respect to 3 the matters of substance to be considered and thus we have 4 not specifically referred to the criteria for participating 5 funding in our submission. I also wish to give some 6 brief comments on the submission by Commission Counsel, 7 especially with recommendations -- especially with 8 reference to recommendations number 7 through 11 which 9 concern the distribution of documents. There is no 10 mention which I can discern of the distribution of 11 documents in such a way as to assure that they are 12 generally available to the public or to the residents of 13 the North Coast region of British Columbia. 14 15 16 17

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is also no mention of the distribution of documents or lists of reports or of any exhibits that are supplied, to be supplied by interveners to public libraries. Copies of the TERMPOL submission have been deposited at three public libraries, Kitimat, Prince Rupert and Vancouver in this Province. I would like to recommend to the Commission that they make arrangements to have all interventions, the exhibits where this is feasible and the record of proceedings deposited at the same libraries. I believe this action will help ensure the public and participants have

With reference to the

In Counsel's submission there

ready access to the information presented at the Hearing.

distribution of information in the North Coast region by
the Inquiry, I think you might consider use of the various
public libraries in the small communities that are
scattered throughout the region. There are small libraries
there and I think perhaps work by your appointees with those
small libraries could have very beneficial results.

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I would also like to suggest or perhaps recommend that the Inquiry employ a trained librarian to organize and ensure the distribution of the materials in the region. This person, if a librarian, could also assist and ensure that the public libraries in Kitimat, Prince Rupert and Vancouver properly classify and make available to the public such materials as they receive them from the Commission. I would like to point out at this point the Kitimat Library has previously been informed that we shall be receiving documents of this nature, that is, interventions and exhibits from the N.E.B. Hearings which may be running concurrently with your own hearing which will create a complex situation for a relatively small library such as ours. As a point of information for the Commission I would like to inform you as Vice-Chairman of the North Coast Regional Library Committee that there will be a meeting this weekend at which librarians and representative boards from various libraries in the communities will be in attendance. As you can well recognize having seen some of our region this is a

very rare occasion because of the cost and I would be happy to cooperate with the Commission if they wished to use this opportunity to help us set up a program of distributing information to the community. Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Before you

leave, Mr. Hagerman, what was the date of that meeting you referred to?

MR. HAGERMAN: The librarians will be meeting on the 6th of May in Terrace and the meeting will be at their Public Library. Members of the Board will be meeting on the 7th of May, this Saturday morning, also at the Public Library.

THE COMMISSIONER: It's certainly

a matter of concern to the Commission as to how the voluminous documents that this Inquiry will generate can be made available to the public and we are aware of the fact that the TERMPOL application has now been filed with your library and with quite a number of others, including libraries on the Queen Charlottes and elsewhere. In fact we have a list of the distribution that the Kitimat Oil Pipeline Company has initiated. It's our intention to do everything we can to encourage this distribution and as I mentioned in my opening remarks, Arthur Pape will have direct responsibility in connection with getting information to communities and organizing Community Hearings and I would expect that there will be follow-up with you.

When I mentioned him and John Steeves I didn't have them stand up to be introduced to you so I will ask them to do that now, if they are in the room. Arthur? John Steeves on the left and Arthur Pape on the right.

Were there any specific responses that you would like Commission Counsel at this time to deal with this subject?

MR. ANTHONY: Mr. Commissioner,

I think the submissions of Mr. Hagerman are consistent
with the policy of the terms of the Inquiry and I have no
comment other than to say there is nothing in his proposal
of distribution contrary to our submission and we would
look forward to that type of program of public information
and public distribution as he suggests. That is the
intent of our submission.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you, I appreciate your offer to be of assistance to us. Thank you very much.

Mr. Jensen. I understand you represent VOICE which is a Committee of the Prince Rupert and Kitimat Labour Council.

MR. JENSEN: That is correct,
Mr. Commissioner, the Prince Rupert and the KitimatTerrace Labour Council. Perhaps I could just -- I
haven't got a written submission at this time but we
represent about 8,000 worker families in the Northwest and

we are thinking that that is important enough that we should be a major participant in the deliberations. We would be particularly interested in Phase I and Phase IV of the Inquiry. We would also try not to duplicate the effort being done by Local I which is basically doing the Health Study in Kitimat and also the United Fishermen's Union out of Prince Rupert who will be doing a particular thing, but we do think that the working people in the Northwest should have an input in the hearings. We have not at this time decided whether we require funding but we would like to keep that avenue open. Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you very much. Mr. Nichol.

MR. NICHOL: Thank you, Mr. Commissioner. As I pointed out earlier my name is Jack Nichol, I am with the United Fishermen and Allied Workers' Union. We have a written submission that we were going to present but rather than read it, your earlier comments were you just wanted some comments rather than indepth discussions and I will file these with Mr. Anthony.

MR. NICHOL: We are making an application for funding as an organization but I should start out by explaining that as it has been indicated by Mr. Gallon that we are a member of the Coalition Against Supertankers. But however we feel that there is very much

a special economic interest in Fisheries involved in the proposal for an oil port at Kitimat and since we are one of the largest organizations in the fishing industry, representing fishermen fishing all types of gear and plant workers and the like, that we would be remiss if we didn't ensure that the Fisheries aspect of it was looked after to our satisfaction. We have had some discussion with the members of the Coalition on this and we felt that in their application for funding in some of the matters they were looking at perhaps that wasn't the case.

application supplementary to the application for funding and made by the Coalition and in that respect we feel that there are many aspects that are going to be covered that if we made allowances in our application for funding for some of the allowances they have made then it would be simply duplication. For example, cross-examination of witnesses we feel that can be more than ably handled by Mr. Storrow. There are other aspects I think that are taken care of there and we would be looking at obtaining the services of someone to act as a co-ordinator and researcher who could spend the time, devote the time to these hearings from the beginning to the very end.

We note that you say that Coalitions should stay together and it's not our intention to depart from the Coalition, we are very much a part of that. How-

ever, our application, as I say, is a supplementary one for funding.

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I wasn't aware until the meeting last night that you had made a statement during your visit to the Queen Charlotte Islands that organizations such as trade unions, and I think you named our union in particular, if they applied for funds at all should be prepared to expend a like amount. Whatever was granted they should be prepared to put up the same amount of money out of their own funds and if that's your concept then I would like to disagree because I think organizations such as ours, even though we have sources of funds, that is, dues from members, nevertheless it's a question of whether we should be compelled to expend a substantial portion of the membership's money in defending something over which we have no control. There is an application made to instal an oil port at Kitimat that is going to involve supertankers coming into British Columbia coastal waters and therefore threaten fisheries. We feel that we have to respond to that and in so doing then to get the kind of technical expertise that we need in order to advance our case that we should have funds. And as we point out in our submission that certainly the cost of our intervention should be borne, if not by the state, then maybe by the oil companies who are making the application for the oil port in Kitimat, and that seems to be appropriate.

THE COMMISSIONER: Mr. Saville,

you will note that invitation.

MR. SAVILLE: You notice, sir,

we haven't applied for a subsidy.

THE COMMISSIONER: You haven't applied for a subsidy, indicating you are likely to, is that it?

MR. NICHOL: Just on the question of funding we have made reference to the amount that we would need in our written submission and that is now filed with the Commission but I note that the deadline for the application for funding is the 11th of May and I wondered if there was any consideration by the Commission to give a blanket extension on that time because I believe there will be other organizations who will be making applications for funding that has to be done in some detail. There may be organizations that are just now considering that aspect. There may be some who even want to, after listening to the discussion here today, modify their original amount because we feel that certainly anything we are asking for is somewhat modest.

The final thing is that we have asked in our submission for a delay in the start of the hearings and I indicate that you already received a wire from a Standing Committee on the Environment that has recently been established by the Fishing Industry and I

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think this Committee is something of a successor to a Fraser River Development Committee that the Ministry used to have, but now they are concerned not just with the Fraser River development but rather the impact on environmental changes and whatever on Fisheries and the two most important things that we have looked at thus far is the matter of the proposed McGregor River Diversion and the Kitimat Oil Port. While I am not in any way authorized to speak for that Standing Committee, there are some people here who represent fishing companies who are represented on that Committee and nevertheless it was that group that sent you a telegram asking that there be a delay in the start of the hearings to allow fishermen to complete their season and then have the opportunity to prepare to make representations to the Commission. I am aware of the remarks of Mr. Anthony earlier in the discussions today where he indicated that the Fisheries aspect probably wouldn't start until about the 15th of October, maybe later, and so fishermen will have completed their season by that time. But there will be a great deal of preparatory work that is necessary by our people who are going to coordinate our intervention in obtaining the best possible people we can from some of our 35 Locals all over the coast of British Columbia and that is going to take some time and I think these people are going to have to have some time to apply their minds to the things so they can prepare their

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cases as best they can and we will want to prepare them for the more informal hearings you conduct as well. So we certainly support the Coalition's call for a delay in the start of the hearings. We suggested October 15th but we certainly have no quarrel with the date of November 14th, we would support that.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

Mr. Nichol, you referred to my comment I think in the Charlottes about the question of contribution to the funding by a group such as your union. I had in mind the criteria that had been laid down referred to the ability of organizations to finance participation in the Inquiry. I haven't made any determination yet on the question you had raised. What was in my mind when I made the comment was that a union might be in a better position to contribute to funding than some other group that didn't have any direct and large supporting membership such as you have. That was the basis of the comment. As I say I haven't yet made any determination and I appreciate and understand the point that you have made. Thank you.

MR. NICHOL: I offer in our submission, Mr. Commissioner, to meet with you privately and present to you our last two annual audits and I think you will see the position.

THE COMMISSIONER: The other point about getting on with settling the details of funding,

as I mentioned earlier we intend to use the telephone to the extent that will assist in getting details together quickly. Our concern is not to impose a deadline but simply to get decisions made as soon as possible so that parties can get forward with preparations.

It's almost 5:00 o'clock so I think that we should adjourn now and we will reconvene at 7:00 o'clock and David Anderson is the first on the list at that time. Thank you.

(PROCEEDINGS ADJOURNED AT 5:00 O'CLOCK.)

(PROCEEDINGS RESUMED PURSUANT TO ADJOURNMENT.)

gentlemen, we will begin this evening's session. There are many people here tonight who were not here this afternoon and therefore I will take a few minutes just to recap what happened this afternoon.

My name is Andrew Thompson and I have been appointed by the Federal Government to conduct this Inquiry into the proposed Kitimat Oil Port and into the question of tanker traffic affecting the West Coast of Canada. This afternoon I introduced members of the Commission's staff and I will do that again very briefly. The Secretary is Lori Lewis, please stand up when I introduce you, and she will be responsible for the logistics and other arrangements for the Commission.

organizing Community Hearings and assisting in the preparation for these are Arthur Pape and John Steeves. Arthur Pape is over there and John Steeves is at the back.

Commission Counsel is Russell Anthony and he is sitting at this table over here. He introduced the people who are assisting him in preparation for the Inquiry, they are John Millen and David Bremner and Marvin Shaffer.

The representatives who will be

Now this afternoon I asked those who were appearing for different groups to identify themselves and as a result we have a list of about forty different persons who are going to be making brief submissions at this Preliminary Hearing on matters touching on procedures and timing and place of the hearings, on matters concerning funding and the terms and reference and scope of the Inquiry and matters of that kind.

Now we have gone part-way through the list, we have heard from Counsel for the Kitimat Oil Pipeline Company and from Trans Mountain Pipeline Company, from the British Columbia Government and Counsel from the Kitimat Oil Coalition and a number of other representatives, the Fishermen's and Allied Workers' Union. We will carry on with the list soon but before we do I invite anybody here tonight who is representing a group and wants to make any submission now to this Inquiry concerning procedures or funding or what-have-you, I invite you now to identify

yourself, giving your name and the group you represent.

Are there any groups that were not present this afternoon or persons who want to make submissions now that are here tonight? All right, I guess we got everybody this afternoon then.

We are circulating a mailing list and we invite anybody who wants to be on the mailing list to receive notices and other information about the Inquiry to write their name and address and phone number on the list. It was circulated this afternoon but we will circulate it again for those people who weren't here earlier.

We established this afternoon the rule that there would be no smoking in the hearing room and we invite those who wish to, they can step out the doors on either side if they wish. There will be a coffee break about halfway through the evening's proceedings, we are being provided with coffee through the good work of the Auxiliary of the Legion, the Ladies Auxiliary.

Mr. Anthony, is there anything you might add that I have overlooked?

MR. ANTHONY: Nothing, Mr. Commissioner, unless you would like me to recap at all any

of the issues raised with respect to procedure this afternoon.

THE COMMISSIONER: Maybe you

might just recap briefly what you talked about this after-

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MR. ANTHONY: This afternoon as Commission Counsel I indicated that we regarded our role as an independent role, a role independent of any level of government and as an active role, that we intended to be actively involved in the ongoing proceedings. I then submitted proposals with respect to the procedures, timing and locating of the hearings. There generally is outlined in the submissions on procedure that was circulated to interested parties on April 20th, 1977. With respect to that the most important issue I think deals with the question of the order and phasing of hearings. We have suggested that the hearings be conducted in four phases, the first one dealing with the general question of West Coast Tanker Traffic; the second phase dealing with Facilities and Marine Operations; the third phase dealing with the Environmental Impact of both the operation and any accidental oil spill; and the fourth phase dealing with the Social and Economic Impact of the project. We recommended that the hearings be commenced on July 11th, 1977, in Vancouver with Phase I and thereafter held in Vancouver, Prince Rupert or Kitimat following the general principle that the Formal Hearings should be held in areas where the matters under consideration are of the most direct concern. For example, the Socio-Economic Phase would be in this area,

the Fisheries phase would be in the area of Prince Rupert and so on. I think that's the main thrust of our submission.

might just briefly ask Counsel for the other parties and representatives to introduce themselves and if they want to state briefly the main points they were making, they may do so. Mr. Edwards.

MR. EDWARDS: Yes, my name is
Robert Edwards. I am appearing for the Government of the
Province of British Columbia. I indicated this afternoon
that the Government was participating to the extent that it
was making available all material which the inter-agency
Task Force on Transportation of Oil had generated and considered and that it would provide witnesses to the Inquiry
as circumstances warrant during these various phases of the
Inquiry.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

Mr. Currie. You don't need to stand up, many people here know you, maybe you should stand up.

MR. CURRIE: Just speaking on behalf of the Council of the District of Kitimat, the Council has not taken a position for or against the pipeline, it is hoping that in the first phases of the Inquiry that factual information by expert testimony will come out on which they can arrive at a decision. We are asking to be

considered as a major participant and we are seeking funds from the Commissioner for our participation. Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Mr. Saville.

MR. SAVILLE: Mr. Commissioner,

my name is Saville and I appear as Counsel for Kitimat

Pipeline Ltd. All we have said is that we generally

support the recommendation of Commission Counsel as to how

the hearings might proceed. I might add, sir, that I hope

that we can have a brief bit of time to make a further

statement at the end after we have heard the comments of

the other interested parties.

THE COMMISSIONER: Yes, there will be opportunity as may be necessary for parties to respond to issues that have been raised, thank you.

Mr. McEachern.

MR. McEACHERN: Mr. Commissioner, my name is Alan McEachern, I am Counsel for Trans Mountain and I indicated that as Trans Mountain is not asking for any license or permit or for any marine facilities in Canada, that I was reserving the Company's position for the time being.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

Mr. Gallon or Mr. Storrow.

MR. STORROW: My name is Marvin Storrow. I am the Solicitor for the Kitimat Oil Coalition. We made a number of points, probably too many to go through

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again here. Essentially we wish some changes to be made in the Terms of Reference of the Commission. I believe they will be discussed later this evening so we don't have to go over them. We did perhaps gently criticize the Provincial Government's position, they would be producing witnesses of their choice to this Commission, assuming we interpret their position correctly. Our position of course there is that it isn't up to the Provincial Government to tell us what witnesses they will produce, we will be telling them which ones we want.

MR. EDWARDS: I thought I made that clear to my friend, perhaps if he would like me to reiterate, we have already indicated it will be their choice.

MR. STORROW: I was referring to your first very obvious inference. If your position is different now than then, perhaps we will agree with the new position, but your former position wasn't very clear and you indicated the Government of B.C. wanted to tell us what witnesses they made available.

MR. EDWARDS: Not at all.

THE COMMISSIONER: Mr. Overgaard

appeared for the Regional District of Queen Charlotte-Skeena and he indicated that they would be applying for funding for a Public Opinion Survey and they asked for a Formal Hearing to be held someplace in the Queen Charlotte Islands.

Mr. Patrick appeared for the Union of British Columbia Indian Chiefs and he stated that they had recently passed a resolution opposing any Kitimat development until Land Claims are settled. He indicated that the Union would be supporting Regional Indian Bands in their presentations to the Commission. He particularly noted that the Spring Salmon passed through the Skeena and so the Villages in the rivers upcountry are affected as well as the coastal communities, and he indicated that they would be applying for funding.

Mr. Hagerman spoke for the

Kitimat Public Library and reported on the facilities that

could be available through the libraries to get informa
tion out to the communities and on behalf of the Commission

I thank them for this initiative.

Mr. Jensen represented VOICE, Worker Families in the Northwest, and he indicated that they have not yet decided but may be applying for funds at a later date.

Mr. Nichol who is the President of the Fishermen's and Allied Workers' Union made a number of points. He indicated they are a member of the Coalition represented by Mr. Gallon and Mr. Storrow, but that they would be applying for funding on a supplemental basis to assist them in coordination and research with

given.

respect to the Hearing. He made the point about the special economic interest of fishermen in this question and he asked for a delay in the start of hearings, referring to a Telex which had been sent to the Inquiry on behalf of the Environment Committee representing fishermen and that sort of rounds out where we got to this afternoon.

Anderson but before I ask him to begin, I have been advised by Mr. Storrow on behalf of the Kitimat Coalition that they left something out in their submission and they would like the opportunity to complete that now, which is

MR. STORROW: Mr. Commissioner,
Mr. Gallon will address himself to you on these next points.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

Next on the list is Mr. David

MR. GALLON: Thank you, Mr.

Commissioner. Basically we are concerned about the posture taken by Trans Mountain Pipeline in these hearings. We would like Trans Mountain Pipeline's full application and proposal to be discussed before this body and as such have them as major participants. While their proposed port is in the State of Washington, it is still a direct concern of the people of British Columbia because, one, the port itself at Cherry Point is less than ten miles south of the border of British Columbia and Canada.

would occur there northward. Example is the 1972 oil spill that occurred at Cherry Point from an off-loading operation from the tanker "WORLD BOND". Most of the oil went immediately to Crescent Beach in White Rock. Fourth, the tankers that would be moving into Cherry Point would be moving along the International Boundary between the United States and Canada through the Strait of Juan de Fuca. As a result that port does pose specific threat of oil spills and major contamination of one of Canada's major spawning rivers for salmon, the Fraser River. So we would request at this time that all aspects of the Trans Mountain Pipeline proposal be considered by this Hearing, even if in view of the fact that the information and some of the jurisdiction lies outside Canada and British Columbia. We would hope that we would be able to get voluntary cooperation with the officials and experts in the State of Washington and United States to provide us with information here for a better decision to be made since Trans Mountain Pipeline is a competing proposal with Kitimat Pipeline Ltd. group. We would hope that the Federal Department of External Affairs would assist you on this matter. While this Oil Port Inquiry is called the Kitimat Oil Port Inquiry, it is very important for us to have considered equally the Trans Mountain Pipeline

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

I think this submission you have just made really touches on the question of the scope of the Inquiry and the Terms of Reference which it has and the extent to which they would include matters that are involved in the application which we understand Trans Mountain is to make. I think

Mr. McEachern you made your position clear earlier and -
MR. McEACHERN: I thought I

THE COMMISSIONER: Unless you

have something to add I will take your point as relating to this question about the Terms of Reference and as I indicated earlier I am sure there may be other people who will want to comment about the Terms of Reference and then parties who we have gone past may want to -- I am referring to you, Mr. Saville, may want to make some comments to this question about Terms of Reference. We will have a full consideration of that question before we complete this afternoon.

MR. McEACHERN: Well, Mr.

Commissioner, may I just say that I thought that I had made my position and the position of my client clear and I don't understand the inquiry that has just been addressed to you.

May I say that Trans Mountain's application, both to the National Energy Board and to the American authorities will become public documents in due course and they will certain—

ly be available to this Commission. I don't know if anything was intended by the reference to cooperation but I
thought I made that clear as well, that there wouldn't be,
in my view, any difficulty in that regard.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

Now, Mr. Anderson.

MR. ANDERSON: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. My name is David Anderson, I am representing the British Columbia Wildlife Federation. We wish to welcome your appointment to this Commission which we feel will be a very important one in the future of British Columbia.

The British Columbia Wildlife
Federation wishes to intervene individually before this
Commission on behalf of its 140 member organizations and
its total of more than 20,000 members. Our interests
for intervention are specific, fish and wildlife. Our
experience is over many years in British Columbia, our
knowledge of Alaska and Washington State, Oregon and
California makes us believe there is a need for these
interests to be represented and considered separately from
shoreline values, social and economic values, human values
with relation to Indians and their special interests as
well as the other people living along the route or
commercial fisheries. We will cooperate in every possible
instance with other participants and it is on that basis

and on that understanding that we have cooperated with the Coalition whose views were put to you earlier. However, like the United Fishermen and Allied Workers' Union, we have separate interests from many members of the Coalition and we feel these require separate representation.

The United Fishermen and Allied Workers' Union and ourselves no more expect to have only one viewpoint represented on the side of the so-called anti-environmentalists or people on that side than we would expect you to insist that all the companies get together, settle their differences and come to you as an industry coalition.

Mr. Chairman, I will now turn more specifically to the Notice of Preliminary Hearings.

Specifically to the Terms of Reference and the Scope of the Inquiry and the Procedures to be Followed. The Funding of the Interested Parties, the documents you mailed to us, is we think perfectly clear and we have been in correspondence both with the Minister of the Environment and prior to your appointment and to your Commission and we will be dealing by letter with that. I might add at this time that we will be amending our request for funds to take into account the Steelhead Society's specific desire to complete some work on the estuary in this area and we feel their expertise is such that it definitely merits additional funding for our organization so that can be undertaken.

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Turning to the Procedures to

be Followed. We look now to paragraph (b)(ii), the

Formal Hearings should be phased into the following subject

matters. By the way we agree with the proposal that the

Charlottes be added as a site for the Formal Hearings,

that's in paragraph (a)(i).

Turning now to paragraph (b)

(ii) we come to Phase I, West Coast Tanker Traffic. We appreciate the outline put forward by Mr. Anthony, your Counsel, we wish him the very best in the brief time that he has made available. We realize President Nixon did not have an opportunity, perhaps preoccupied with other things to deal with the subjects Mr. Anthony would like us to deal with and we realize President Ford was perhaps intellectually incapable and we realize that President Carter hasn't had the time to do it and we certainly wish Mr. Anthony all the very best success in finding out about the volume and origin of tanker traffic that could be expected along the West Coast with regard to U.S.-Canadian and West Coast Crude Oil Import Requirements. Really, Mr. Chairman, what I am saying, it's quite unrealistic to go into this question on a short time frame from Canada only and I would like to pose a number of questions, perhaps outline some of them very briefly now and go into more detail in the future on this because we do not feel the time frame is realistic given the tremendous importance of the questions that we are being asked to look into.

Now I realize, and I should mention this particular period in history many of these questions are coming up for decisions by President Carter and his energy advisers but if we succeed in the time frame that has been allotted to us by your Commission Counsel, all I can say is we will quickly lose your Commission Counsel because President Carter will need him as his right hand man. I just don't think it can be done given the time frame that we have.

The Commission Counsel in his presentation mentioned Eastern refineries for example.

Well in terms of competitive Canadian pipelines with the Kitimat proposal it may well be that an Eastern pipeline going to Eastern refineries might indeed be the alternative to a Kitimat proposal on the West Coast and yet we note your Terms of Reference restrict you to hearing only in British Columbia. There are questions such as this that we think are going to lead to very very lengthy discussions and very great problems. In addition we would like to inquire as to how you intend to get information from the Federal Energy Administration in the United States. How indeed you are going to get this material so we can in fact have some basis for answering the questions raised in paragraph (b) (ii).

We would like to know what your relationship will be to the National Energy Board and

whether their people will be coming before us to tell us about such things as future deliveries to the Province of Ontario either from Alberta or through the proposed Kitimat Pipeline as has been outlined by Mr. Cressy of that company. We would like to know when the Sarnia to Montreal pipeline might be reversed which would suddenly give half a million barrels a day extra at Sarnia over the present situation. These are many questions which relate directly to the Kitimat proposal and we think that in answering the questions put, which should be put, which Mr. Anthony has correctly put down in (b)(ii), we are going to take a lot more time than he has allocated.

With respect to Phase II,

Facilities and Marine Operations, we would like to know
what indeed what approach we will be taking in this

Commission. Is it the intention of the Commission to
have a simulator study similar to the one done at Valdez

Arm so there will indeed be predictions as to the size,
number and magnitude of spills in that Arm and the
approaches to Kitimat, if indeed the port site is chosen.

We think it's most important that there be some real
framework established here at Kitimat against which other
ports can be compared and we suggest that the simulator
work done at Valdez might be an excellent model for us to
follow. We point out that there is some very dramatic
changes in this probability. In the North Sea, for example,

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four weeks ago they thought the possibility of a big blowout was one in ten thousand. It's happened since then.

They now believe that it's one in a thousand. Since then
they have altered the Beaufort Sea, drilling problems, they
thought it was probably in the neighbourhood of one in ten
thousand, it's now talked about in the neighbourhood of
one in three hundred. So we point out that when you are
dealing with the very small figures, one in three hundred
or one in ten thousand there can be some very dramatic
changes and it is very important to get a good simulator
model against which to compare it.

With respect to Phase III,

Phase III is Environmental Impact. We feel it's quite
impossible to deal with that until you have some basic
work done on the expected spills, what type of oil might
be spilled, their frequency and their size because of
course there is some very tremendous differences in the
effect of oil spilled when you are dealing with continuous
spills in a certain area as opposed to spills spaced over
a very lengthy period of time.

With respect to Phase IV,
Social and Economic Impact. Our interest is that of fish
and wildlife. The Federation does not extend beyond
wildlife and fish but social and economics of wildlife and
fish are important and we will be commenting upon the
tourist industry relating to fish and wildlife and we will

be commenting also on recreation for local residents.

In this we will be aided by local Fish and Game Associations.

With respect to paragraphs 3 and 4, Advising the Public, we think that's an excellent proposal. 4, Necessary Inter-relationships With Various Subject Areas, right to recall witnesses is obviously okay as well. But when we come to the Production of Documents, D, we begin to have questions again. The early date, Mr. Chairman, worries me very much. Only yesterday I requested my lawyers in Washington, D.C. to obtain two documents titled as follows:

- 1. Development of Mid-Western Petroleum Resources,
- 2. Supplying Oil Needs of the Midwest.

These documents were addressed to Mr. John O'Leery, the Administrator of the Federal Energy Administration, and the date was the 22nd of April. They were from the Vice-President of a major American oil corporation. In other words, Mr. Chairman, lots of new information is coming out at this time and to expect that it is possible at this stage to have an overall knowledge of all the documentation is very very unlikely. And to adhere to early date requirements or to adhere to that two week rule we feel could be very difficult indeed. Documents may well come up later and we expect this Inquiry to be very generous in

interpreting the Rules liberally so we are not barred by rules, artificial legalistic rules from examining relevant information which we might not know about two weeks before.

With respect to the early date requirement, may I once more repeat that we don't think it's realistic. The British Columbia Wildlife Federation still does not know if financial support will be available from the Commission and as yet it's pretty difficult for us to put together the proper presentation. So the Commission cannot assume that our case, our information is already ready. We cannot assume that we can get everything together in a few weeks, it just cannot be done, Mr. Chairman.

E, Discovery of Witnesses.

We trust once again that this will be interpreted loosely. We repeat what we have said to you by letter, this is not a lawsuit, the companies concerned are not prisoners in the dock or accused of any crime. It is an inquiry, it should be free ranging and free wheeling and we think the important thing is for information to come out as fully as possible and for legalistic Rules of Evidence to be ignored when in fact they may well impede such a free wheeling inquiry.

Orders for Examination, F.

We fear that the order indicates an adversary system which once more by letter I believe we have objected to. For

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example, Canadian and B.C. Government witnesses are the responsibility we feel of Commission Counsel. We feel that here, where the Commission Counsel speaks last, and if I may quote the Commission Counsel he said he would do a "mopping up operation", it indicates that they see their role as patching holes, we don't. We wish to be here as interveners. We feel Commission Counsel should, if I may again quote Counsel, be very active indeed. It's their job to ferret out information, it's your Terms of Reference and your duty, sir, to make sure all the information comes forward. We repeat as we have said before we do not see you sitting as a Judge with competing adversaries before you, someone on the Pipeline side and someone on the Environmental side. We wish that point to be well understood. So we think that the role of the Commission, because of the conflicting, probably accidentally conflicting statements of your Counsel, should be re-defined and we think the primary responsibility for examination for critical and rigorous analysis of company proposals remains with the Commission Staff and not with any other group however well it may be funded.

We feel the role of the Citizens Interests Groups is not that of being a counterapplicant. We are here to cooperate with the Commission, we are here to cooperate with your Inquiry, we are here to cooperate with the Company to get information out. We do

not see our role as that of adversary.

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We are worried, sir, about the Community Hearings. We appreciate the need for informality but we wonder why there is no questioning, perhaps Company Counsel are diffident about putting this point to you but surely they should have the right to question and indeed other people should have the right to question citizens who appear before you at these Informal Hearings. You certainly, sir, can protect them from the legalistic browbeating by high paid lawyers. There is no need to worry that they will feel they will be put in an uncomfortable position, an untenable position because of appearing before you. We feel that to restrict questioning at these Community Hearings would be a retrogressive step. In fact, we feel the distinction between Community and Formal Hearings seems much too wide. Surely many of the social and economic questions will come forward in these Community Hearings and if they are separated, the Community Hearings are separated out as more or less information giving and listening to the people sessions while the real work happens at Formal sessions, perhaps the very great importance that such community witnesses might have and the great information they could put forward would tend to be minimized.

Mr. Chairman, we believe the commencement date in addition to the time allowed we believe the commencement date is guite unrealistic. We

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don't believe it's possible to have full correspondence in that period with potential interested parties who might wish to come or present papers or send information to us. It's been pointed out fishermen are at sea as I believe has been pointed out or probably will be later tonight the school holidays plays havoc with community groups and with citizens who might wish to testify. There is a school holiday problem. It has taken the Government and the Commission from mid-December to now to get to its first Preliminary Hearing date and yet it was common knowledge that the application would be made by the Company and it was indeed made in December last year. It's not the Company's fault it has taken so long for Commissions to get going and it's not your fault either, Mr. Chairman. The blame may well be elsewhere but the fact of the matter is there has been a great lapse of time. A Commission such as this could have been ready to go had people not been a trifle sleepy at the switch, it could have been ready to go in January. It could have been ready to go indeed in December, it could have been ready to go when the application came forward, and the fact of the matter was a lot of time has been wasted and we do not see that time being made up at the expense of substantive work of this Commission. In other words if the time has been wasted up to now that's tough but let's not try and get back on the track by cutting back on the real work of the Commission

which is going to take some time.

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Now one final thing, Mr.

Chairman, or at least final on this page. We feel that before we can really put out a proper request for funding and this applies to other groups in the Coalition as well, we want to know what the full role of the Commission will be and the Commission Counsel will be. When we originally put in a request for funds we did not know you would be funding the Coalition. When we heard you would obviously we decided to ask for less because we can rely on their counsel to carry out the legal task. We don't know how much to ask for, we don't know what role you are going to assign to us, and we trust that in the relatively near future, certainly before the 11th of May, you indicated to us how much is going to be left to us, whether in fact we will be counter-applicants and almost adversaries in this arena or whether in fact we will be interveners in the traditional sense. Obviously we prefer the traditional intervener role.

The Ouestion of Funds.

We are quite willing in the Wildlife Federation to put up some thousand dollars of our own money into this, however the criteria we intend to use is this; if in fact we find ourselves cutting back on other worthwhile operations of the Federation we feel that's the point at which we should stop contributing money and the Government, and perhaps even

the Company, should start contributing to our costs. We feel one of the great problems of Commissions like this, which Mr. Nichol pointed out from the Fishermen's Union, is that they tend to divert attention only into one area when there are many on-going programs which are also deserving of funds. Now we are concerned about the statement that the Hearings on Fishing and the Fishing Industry will be in Rupert. With the estuary here and the Steelhead Society Report and Study which I have talked about, we feel it would be most important to have this aspect considered here in Kitimat.

We would like to suggest, Mr. Chairman, that in view of the fact that rights have been reserved by the British Columbia Government to take a position midway through or at the end of or subsequent to this particular Hearing, we would like to suggest that British Columbia Civil Servants appear here on subpoena, they be under oath when they testify. The problem is very simple, if indeed it happens that within the Government they know there is going to be a Government position coming out in a month hence and they have some suspicion as to which way it will go, obviously the Civil Servant concerned would be under some constraint when he came to testify in a manner which might indicate that he did not agree with a presentation which he expected in the future. Put him under oath, insist that he is totally protected from any

instruction and the problem would be overcome.

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Mr. Chairman, that is the extent of our application, I am sorry if it was somewhat lengthy. We do feel however that we have to know what you intend to do and what your counsel intends to do before you can in turn ask us what we intend to do or should do and before we define our role. Role definition is tremendously important in this area. We think, as indeed the Minister of Fisheries of Canada, the Minister of the Environment of Canada said to me that the adversary role might well be played by Civil Servants, they are the people who are paid year in and year out to examine such things as proposals such as this, who have the background information. We see our role as intervener there to protect special interest or public interest and we would like to have questions such as this determined before we can really come through with definite request for funds or definitive idea of our own role. Given a difficulty of defining our own role, given the difficulty of knowing what we ourselves are to do and what money we should ask for, obviously we feel the dates you have set are wildly unrealistic. Thank you.

Mr. Anderson. There were a number of points raised that parties might like to respond to later, I think we should proceed with the submissions and Mr. Anderson, you can be

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assured that I will give Commission Counsel an opportunity to respond and answer any of the questions he is now in a position to deal with.

Mr. Pearse, Tony Pearse, is

he present tonight?

MR. PEARSE: Thank you, Mr.

Commissioner. I am here tonight on behalf of the Telkwa Foundation and we wish to intervene as a participant in the Formal Hearings under Phase IV of the Inquiry. Our proposal involves a Socio-Cultural Impact Assessment of a North Coast Oil Port. We believe that the scope and content of this study would provide the Commission and the public not only essential basic sociological information but an insight analysis as well into the more human aspects of an oil port that would not be covered necessarily by any other presentation. We would like just briefly to emphasize the distinction between a socio-economic and a socio-cultural analysis. It's typical to carry out more conventional kinds of socio-economic impacts on projects of this kind and these are usually an approach that assesses sort of a very tangible effects in terms of dollars or some other concrete factors. A sociocultural analysis on the other hand employs a more sophisticated methodology to assess what we might call the non-tangible impact to social systems such as beneficial and harmful effects to lifestyles, traditional values,

community integrity and so forth. All the other impacts that are usually weighed such as environmental, economic, political and so on ultimately boil down to questions of our quality of life and it is our great fear that no participant in this Inquiry will be making an attempt to assess this basic issue. How well the development of an oil port and pipeline delivery system on B.C.'s North Coast affect the wellbeing of those of us who live and work here? The answer to that question is, what our intended study is to provide. We have prepared a formal proposal and I would just like to hand this over to Commission Counsel when I am through here.

order to carry out our study, which is proposed for three months duration, we think that the Inquiry should be adjourned for the summer months because the kind of work that we would be doing, moving into the communities, would necessitate of course that most of the residents be present at the time and on the North Coast a lot of people are out fishing and so forth. So we would support the Kitimat Oil Coalition's request for a delay until November. That's it, thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you, Mr. Pearse. Jim Wright, Sierra Club.

MR. WRIGHT: The Sierra Club, sir, is a member of the Coalition that is opposed to the

Kitimat proposal. We will take an active participant's part in conjunction with the Coalition. As far as funding is concerned, sir, we are not in a position to say yet until we have a little bit better idea as to how you will receive the request for funds that was put in by the Coalition so I will get back to you on that later.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you,

Mr. Wright.

Mr. Brisebois, The Canadian Association of Smelter and Allied Workers.

Mr. Parfitt of The Regional District of Kitimat-Stikine.

MR. PARFITT: The Regional
District is a statutory regional level of government
through which both marine approaches and the actual pipeline
itself will lie. Our responsibility primarily has been that
of Regional Planning in a resource based region. The
Regional District is represented by an elected Regional
Board who represents the interests of the regional
population. The goals and objectives of this Regional
District have traditionally been to encourage intelligent,
rational economic development with an eye to the region's
role in terms of British Columbia and Canadian development
needs, to also protect and preserve the region's critical
fish and wildlife and aesthetic resources and also to
encourage the intelligent development of the region's

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unique outdoor recreational opportunities. The Regional
District's planning function has been carried out by a
small planning staff as well as working with the Regional
Technical Planning Committee comprises field staff
primarily of the different Provincial Government Resources
and Servicing Departments. We would advise you that we
will be intervening in the Formal Hearings with a particular
eye to looking at the short run socio-economic impacts of
such a development as well as a long-range view to the
impact on regional development of such an oil port and to
also properly record and map, if we can possibly do this,
the information which will be brought forward at this
Hearing. This is the basis of our request for funding.

I would like to more or less address an observation to Mr. Edwards that I think it's fairly important that the Provincial interest in this respect be represented by Regional Field Staff Personnel of various Government Departments, particularly Parks Branch, Fish and Wildlife. These sorts of Agencies that are responsible for the regional aspect of planning in the Province. You have mentioned so far the Provincial — the handling thus far had been at the Provincial level and I would hope that we might have a re-orientation of this to a regional level if we could for more intensive observation and more local and wilful knowledge by the field people. We will be intervening as I said at the Formal

1 Hearings. es nos eno un 11 mld-september er feel we need at

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you, Mr.

Parfitt. Mr. Olding, SOS, Prince Rupert.

MR. OLDING: Mr. Commissioner,
my name is Rick Olding. I am representing Save Our Shores
in Prince Rupert and Paul Manson is here with me, he is

also representing Save Our Shores, and we will be present-

ing a proposal for participation in the Hearings.

Save our Shores is representing over 7,000 citizens from different segments of the
community in Prince Rupert. Today we would like to outline
our proposal to participate in both the Formal and the
Community phases of the Hearing.

pressed vigorously for both Formal and Community Hearings. We represent grass roots opinion as a community that is dependent largely on the sea for its economic wellbeing and way of life. We feel as well that we are custodians of one of the last unexploited marine environments in this world. Before we outline our Funding Proposal I would first like to comment on some aspects of the Terms of Reference for these Hearings.

1. SOS recommends a delay in the start-up date of the Formal and the Community Hearings until November 15th.

In view of the fact that the fishing season in Prince

Rupert does not end until mid-September we feel we need at least two months to prepare quality briefs for the Hearing.

- 2. We would also urge that the Inquiry provide funding for all community groups that have demonstrated an interest in participating in the community phase of the Hearing.
- 3. SOS would also urge that no Community

 Hearings be held until all Formal Hearings

 have been completed.

This would enable all groups intervening in the Hearing to have a chance to digest and comment on all of the expert evidence.

- 4. SOS would also support Formal Hearings to be held in Vancouver, Kitimat, Prince Rupert and Masset on the Queen Charlotte Islands.
- 5. Some Groups in Prince Rupert have indicated to us that they have not had a chance to study the material relating to these

Hearings presented less than two weeks ago.

Therefore, on behalf of these Groups, we would urge that the Funding Application deadline be delayed until one month after the final Terms of Reference are set and until such time as all questions have been answered. These are our main concerns regarding the Terms of Reference and at this point I will let Paul outline our

proposal. in deliberation time as a meeds of the people

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MR. MANSON: We say, Mr.

Commissioner, the Terms of Reference for this issue is too small. The words "local" and "regional" seem to dominate the suggested Terms of Reference. We see this coast unique as a world resource and encourage a much wider perspective of the coast be taken as a current world resource and further recommend recognition of the B.C. Coast as a resource of incalculable value to the future also be given in the Terms of Reference. We will attempt to demonstrate the intrinsic value and diversity of the Coast as a current world resource through a photographic exhibit of selected portions of the 25,000 miles of coastline in B.C. The video presentation will attempt to distill and communicate the quality of life provided to its residents by the coast. Our point is that through a total lack of intelligent planning, token resource inventory and management, we don't have a clear picture of the value of this coast, particularly as it contributes or will contribute to life support on the planet in the future. Our concern is that premature allowance for construction of an oil port in the sensitive marine nurseries of the coast will effectively discard options for the future uses of the coast. Although that of the possible future options for use cannot be measured in 1977 dollars, these choices would undoubtedly be of extreme relevance to

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one possible part of our proposal in our request for funding would be to try and identify some of the conceivable choices which might be of value to people say fifty years from now as to the uses of this coast were it not subjected to the life crippling effects of oil pollution in the 1980's.

The presentation of tapes and correspondence with people who have comprehensive world overviews of resource management, such as the World Games Institute. We will attempt to demonstrate the short-sided approach to uses of the tide waters of Canada which are currently being discussed.

In short local Community

Groups and the like seem to be well represented here today and their interest guarantee consideration in this Inquiry. The interests and needs of the unborn generations who must live with the results of our decisions do not appear to be well represented. We ask that the scope of this Inquiry be extended to include the interest of these people.

We choose to not submit today a formal or written application or a budget, although we are now formally announcing our intention to apply for financial assistance to produce these presentations to the Inquiry. Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you,

gentlemen. Seed 511 kerminal and tank lare and the damage

David Morton, TAASK.

MR. MORTON: Thank you, Dr.

Thompson. As stated earlier my name is David Morton and I am a representative of TAASK, the Terrace-Kitimat Group which is also a participant in the Kitimat Oil Coalition.

TAASK is the Terrace-Kitimat

Alliance against Supertankers to Kitimat. Our organization
represents a cross-section of the citizens of both these
communities, including the Terrace Outdoors Club, The
Northwest Chapter of the Steelhead Society, The Terrace
Rod and Gun Club, The Kitimat Women's Organization,
Kitimat SPEC, The Canadian Association of Smelter and
Allied Workers, and other labour, church and community
groups. We also represent the interest of approximately
1200 citizens who have signed the initial stages of a
petition opposing the oil port proposal, which petition we
are now circulating.

Our Alliance has been gathering information and conducting research and information programs for several months and as a result of the demonstrated general community concern we have determined to take an active role in the Oil Port Inquiry. We propose to present a brief on the Socio-Economic Impact of the Proposed Port Development and the Health Hazards associated with both tanker traffic and the construction and the use

of the proposed oil terminal and tank farm and the damage caused to the estuary system.

We would emphasize that we have already conducted specific research projects on these subjects and we respectfully submit the broader research program we will be undertaking with the assistance made available to our Alliance by the Inquiry will be a fundamental and vital nature and will make an important and substantive contribution to this Inquiry.

We have already notified the Inquiry Office of our intention to apply for funding and we will have our formal proposal delivered to the Inquiry Office by the designated date. In that connection we would like to make a specific request for additional time in which to prepare our Funding Proposal. We feel this can be prepared to our satisfaction only if an additional four to five weeks time is granted for this purpose.

Finally, the TAASK Group
wishes to endorse the request put forward on behalf of
member groups of the Kitimat Oil Coalition, namely, that
we request Community Hearings be held in Terrace, that the
Terms of Reference of the Marine Phase of the Inquiry
include the risk of pipeline breaks which would pollute
the estuary system, inland spills will substantially effect
the marine environment, that Dr. Thompson personally attend
all Formal and Community Hearings and finally that for the

Morton.

Charlottes.

reasons submitted by the Coalition and particularly by the U.F.A.W.U. and because we wish to exercise the responsibility we have undertaken fully and effectively that the Hearings not begin before November 14th, 1977. Thank you, Dr. Thompson.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you, Mr.

Dan Bowditch of COAST Queen

MR. BOWDITCH: Mr. Commissioner,

COAST, short for the Coalition Against Supertankers, is a

Coalition of concerned citizens of Community Indian

Environmental, Church, Trade Union and other organized

citizens groups on the Queen Charlotte Islands. First,

we support the presentation of Messrs. Gallon and Storrow

on behalf of the Kitimat Oil Coalition as well as Mr.

Anderson's concern for lack of questioning in the

Community Hearings. COAST has already given Notice of

Intent to apply for participant funding. We request an

extension of the deadline for participant funding submissions until sometime after the final Terms of Reference

have been set. It's very difficult to prepare budgets

until we are at least aware of the number and locations of

the Formal Hearings.

Mr. Storrow raised the question of timing of Community Hearings. We want to see

These Hearings not commence until all phases of the Formal Inquiry have been completed. Time should also be allowed for public dissemination of all formal testimony. This I am sure you will agree is in the best interests of accurately informing those people who will desire to appear at the Community Hearings.

we would further offer our support to the Kitimat Oil Coalition, B.C. Wildlife
Federation, and the Skeena-Queen Charlotte Regional
Districts in their desire to have Formal Hearings held in
Masset on the Queen Charlotte Islands. We feel this is a
realistic proposal because it would allow the Commission
and proponents of the pipeline a first hand look at the
communities and environment most likely to be affected by
a major oil spill. Also air fares to the Charlottes from
Vancouver are the same as to Kitimat or Prince Rupert and
adequate accommodation within the community of Masset are
assured.

In closing we would like to extend a welcome Island's invitation to the Commission and its major participants and witnesses. Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you, Mr.

owditch.

Mr. Denman, Prince Rupert

Access Centre.

must be well see as MR. DENMAN: Thank you, Mr.

Commissioner. I am representing at last count twelve

Prince Rupert organizations who support the concept of the

Prince Rupert Access Centre. These groups are:

Save our Shores, City of Prince Rupert; Prince
Rupert Rod and Gun Club; Prince Rupert Lions
Club; Prince Rupert Amalgamated Shore Workers
Union; United Fishermen and Allied Workers'
Union; Pulp and Paper Woodworkers; Prince
Rupert Labour Council; Prince Rupert Options
For Women; Prince Rupert Coffee House; Royal
Canadian Legion No. 27; and the Prince Rupert
District Teachers Association.

We have prepared a presentation to present to this Inquiry concerning today, this Preliminary Hearing, concerning the functions of the Centre which I will read in part to you. We will not be presenting any written submission to the Inquiry at this time but however will endeavour to send this proposal to you as soon as possible.

To ensure that local Community Hearings by the Kitimat Oil Port Inquiry are comprehensive and efficient and to allow the Inquiry to hear the grass roots opinion of the people at Prince Rupert and area, we are proposing that the Commissioner provide funding to set up a Prince Rupert Access Centre.

Individuals and Community Groups in Prince Rupert and area must be well prepared to submit quality briefs to the

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of the hall. (PROCEEDINGS ADJOURNED FOR FIFTEEN MINUTES.)

Inquiry Community Hearings. We feel that what is necessary is a clearing house to collect, compile and distribute information on the Kitimat Terminal Proposal, to research the local effects of the proposal and to act as a Centre to motivate and prepare people for submitting briefs. Lack of access to information on the Terminal Proposal, inexperience in preparing and presenting briefs, and restrictions of time and money could severely restrict individuals and groups in this area from participating in the Community Hearings. Establishing the Access Centre would provide the services, facilities and manpower to avoid this situation. It would eliminate unnecessary duplication and overlapping of research, time and funding. If the Access Centre is not established we see no other group within this community providing this service. The Community Hearings would not then be truly representative of the interest and opinions of the people of Prince Rupert. Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you,

Mr. Denman.

We will adjourn now for a short break and there is coffee available at the back (PROCEEDINGS RESUMED PURSUANT TO ADJOURNMENT.)

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THE COMMISSIONER: Ladies and gentlemen, please take your seats, we will begin again. The first person I will call on is James Simpson.

MR. SIMPSON: Mr. Commissioner, a very brief comment at this time. We, the Prince Rupert Fish Exchange representing the private fish companies in the Prince Rupert area are against the Kitimat Pipeline Proposal if there is a danger to the environment which controls our Fisheries Resources. It is our contention that the benefits both now and in the future to our citizens, fishermen and shore workers from an on-going and expanding fishing industry is far more important than a pipeline to supply oil. We would like the privilege of attending future Inquiries. We will present ourselves with an open mind and will probably be represented by the Fisheries Council of Canada. Thank you very much.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you, Mr. Simpson. Kathy Stewart of Clearwater.

MS. STEWART: Clearwater, a Kitimat Oil Coalition Member, is a Cowichan Valley based Citizens Group formed earlier this year. We are concerned in working on the issues of the environmental effects of the proposed pipeline and the oil tanker traffic. As part of the coast of B.C. we would realize indirect results of

the Kitimat Pipeline and tanker traffic. We are anxious that more focus be put on the proposed Cherry Point Supertanker Port which will, in our minds, bring possibilities of severe risk to the Gulf of Georgia and Fraser River Estuary. I would like to notify the Commission of Clearwater's intention to apply for funding in order to present a brief to the Formal Inquiry.

One question I would like some clarification on is, I am not sure if there is going to be funding available for the Community Hearings or not. Could you talk a bit about that, please? It's my understanding the funding is just for the formal aspects of the Inquiry.

raised that question because it hasn't been raised previously. The applications that are being taken for
funding now are for the Formal Hearing. Now we haven't
fully determined a number of aspects with respect to the
Community Hearings and we haven't yet developed a program
for those. I mentioned that Mr. Arthur Pape is responsible
for developing ideas there, he has only just come on the
staff and so I am really not in a position to respond very
clearly to the question you have asked. I am just going to
have to ask you to please wait and see. Thank you.

Carol Clark, Clean Shores.

MS. CLARK: Mr. Commissioner,

Clean Shores - Nanaimo will be submitting an application for funding as we intend to participate from time to time in the Formal Hearings on our behalf and also as a member of the Kitimat Oil Coalition. We feel the deadline for May 11th is too early as a deadline for our application as definite Inquiry procedures have not yet been established. Our plan to co-ordinate and plan with our local groups for our presentation to the Hearing must be budgetted according to the decisions following the Preliminary Hearing. We ask that the May 11th deadline be extended until the Terms of Reference have been established.

Clean Shores would like to ask at this time for a Community Hearing to be held in Nanaimo with yourself, Mr. Thompson, in attendance. In addition to Clean Shores, four local groups in the Nanaimo area have contributed to my travel expense to attend the Preliminary Hearing to establish a request as early as possible, namely, the Nanaimo SPEC, Janis Rogers - President; Oil Spill Awareness, Jane Warrington - Co-Ordinator; the local NDP strongly verified by Tommy Douglas, David Stupich and Bill Duncan; the Nanaimo Fish and Game Club, President Bob Morris. In addition to these sponsors, over eleven citizen organizations have sent me either verbal or written support of the request. These Groups include Gabriola Island Trust; The Nanaimo Regional Board; Central

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25 26 Island Community Development Corporation; Nanaimo Branch of the B.C. Wildlife Federation; SPCA Nanaimo; Nanaimo Branch of the Canadian Wildlife Federation; Nanaimo Video Programming: Nanaimo Branch of the B.C. Federation of Labour; Concerned Citizens Group; Nanaimo Communications Society: Conservation Awareness Program; and Nanaimo Association for Intervention and Development. Additional participation has come from outside the area that agree that the major City on Vancouver Island, Nanaimo, would be one choice for location of a Community Hearing. Duncan and Ladysmith and the various Gulf Islands, they share in Clean Shores concern to be allowed public participation in decisions to be made on a location for an Oil Port, Pipeline and Tanker Route anywhere on the coast of British Columbia. They ask if they so desire to be heard within or near their own communities to allow maximum public input and to delete time and wage loss, travel cost and the possibility of miscommunication or misrepresentation.

I might also mention this matter has been given extensive press coverage in the Nanaimo area. As spokesperson for Clean Shores I represent only a small number of the total Nanaimo population. statement and request from them is as follows:

"The members of Clean Shores - Nanaimo have unanimously agreed that a Community Hearing as part of Andrew Thompson's Commission Inquiry on

Kitimat as a proposed site for Supertanker Port should be held in Nanaimo. We are concerned about the security of the tourist, recreation and fishing and logging industry in the Nanaimo area and if they would be affected by the location of an oil port anywhere in B.C. and the consequent supertanker traffic along the B.C. Coast. We feel that along with groups and organizations as well as private citizens we should have a say in any decisions that may affect the high aestheticand social economic values that are held for the Nanaimo area as well as the rest of the B.C. Coast."

Signed:

"Pat Backlund, President, Clean Shores - Nanaimo."

As for the organization, the

Mayor of Nanaimo supports their request in a letter that

reads as follows:

" As Mayor of the City of Nanaimo I give my consent and support in holding a Community Hearing in Nanaimo during the Andrew Thompson Commission Inquiry into Kitimat as a proposed site for a Supertanker Port. I agree that concerned groups and individuals in the Nanaimo area should have input into decisions made on the marine transport of oil along the

British Columbia Coast. See Swans Eagles and Whales

we have the Yours very truly, ast know!

Frank J. Ney Mayor."

Thank you. The test throng the same the hearings?

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THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

Maybe I should just mention that I certainly intend to be present at all of the Hearings of the Inquiry, both the Formal and the Community ones, God willing that I can last. I certainly do intend and we also intend as I say to hold Community Hearings where there is such a strong interest presented as has clearly been shown on behalf of Nanaimo, so certainly Nanaimo will be on our list and we will endeavour to hold Community Hearings as I said in all of those communities that feel that they are affected by this proposal.

Tom Henly, Islands Protection Committee, Queen Charlottes.

MR. HENLY: Mr. Commissioner,
Islands Protection has been an active Environmental Group
on the Queen Charlottes during the past three years. We
have already given notice of our intention to apply for
participant funding at the Preliminary Hearing in Masset
and we will present a detailed brief in due course. One
of our primary goals will be to assess wildlife values
that will be threatened by oil spills along the North Coast,
with special emphasis on rare and endangered species,

We hope to draw together those scientists most knowledgeable with the Queen Charlotte Archipelago to update
surveys that their testimony may enter the Hearings. We
also hope to assess the same values from the testimony of
local residents who in many cases are the only real
experts. An example already pointed out at the Masset
Preliminary Hearings is the existence of a resident
population of gray whales off the northeast coast of the
Queen Charlottes that has not yet been acknowledged by
scientists. The amount of environmental researchthat must
be carried out on the Queen Charlottes alone is immense.
The mid-November date suggested by the Coalition would
seem the absolute minimum time period in which to assess
wildlife values in this area. Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

George Olsen, Prince Rupert Fish and Vessel Owners

Association.

MR. OLSEN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. My Group feels that we are definitely going to lose regardless of what happens with the Oil Port and Tanker Traffic, we are not going to gain anything but we would like to get this postponed if possible or adjourned until later in the season. As you know we are all out fishing, I am the only one of the Group left in town right now so we would like to get an adjournment, but failing

that, we will definitely like to get a brief into you and the impact on our fisheries. Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Will your Group be applying for funding?

MR. OLSEN: I couldn't tell you for sure right now, we will let you know by the llth, thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

Jim Carr, Hartley Bay.

MR. CARR: Mr. Commissioner, and Commissoner's Staff: I first would like to say it gives me a great deal of faith that this Inquiry is even being held. I had the feeling that perhaps as short a time as ten years ago an undertaking such as this Kitimat Pipeline Project would have been done with no expected input from the people and no opportunity from input.

I'm glad it has gotten this far. I hope that you will use the information that you get, that your recommendations will be adhered to and I also hope that the decision has not already been made regarding this project. If that's the case it would be very disappointing as it would make this a sham.

It would appear that time is an extremely important matter in this series of Hearings.

Obviously the proponents of the Pipeline wish to get their project underway as soon as possible, maybe for a couple of

different reasons.

- 1. To beat the competition,
- To keep up with their probably very sophisticated critical past methods of production.

On the other hand I believe as much time as possible should be taken in order to ensure that all information and evidence be as complete as possible. For this reason and others which I shall clarify I am suggesting that the Formal Hearings be delayed for at least one full year. This may seem like an unusually long length of time but let's look at the situation in realistic terms. The marine and estuary environment is a highly seasonal area. A large variety of birds and fish migrate through much of the area of the proposed tanker route and pipeline route. In order to establish accurate baseline data on the flora and fauna I feel at least one year of observing all the different seasons would be required.

The Native Indian Groups must also be considered in regard to their relationship with the seasonal environment. They rely heavily on the sea as a source of food and income. There is no question about that, but to what degree? To accurately establish how much, would require careful monitoring of all food consumed for at least a year. I feel that this the kind of carefully gathered accurate information which this Inquiry needs to make its decisions and recommendations.

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Still on the point of time and information lag, I would like to point out the problem of getting and giving information. The information packet which your Commission mailed to me was dated April 20th. I received it this past Friday, April 29th, nine days from Vancouver. I don't wish to indict the Post Office but I think you see the problem of getting and giving information in a short period of time. I wish to inform the Commission that the Hartley Bay SST Committee will be applying for funds and request that the May 11th deadline be extended to some future date acceptable to the Commission. I would suggest another full month on that issue to perhaps June 11th. You can see that taking nine days to get an information packet to me has left me very little time to prepare any kind of formal proposal or to study any detailed plan of budget needs.

In closing I would also request that Community Hearings be held in at least these Indian Villages;

Hartley Bay; Kitkatla; Butedale; and Port Simpson.

They are the ones that I feel are the most directly affected. They are the ones by the way that I think one of the members of the British Columbia Government does not seem to recognize people. We are people, believe it or not.

In closing, Mr. Commissioner,

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I wish you the best of luck with your Inquiry and I look forward to seeing you in Hartley Bay as soon as possible.

Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Edward Lipsett.

MR. LIPSETT: Mr. Commissioner,

I am here on behalf of the Prince Rupert Fishermen's Association. We have no formal brief to present at this time, we would like to repeat what the Kitimat Oil Coalition said and for once we agree with the United Fishermen and Allied Workers' Union. Particularly in regards to holding the Hearings at a time which are convenient to fishermen as we will all be starting fishing now and will be out until the last couple of weeks in November. We don't feel it's appropriate for us, as a commercial enterprise, to apply for funds, we would like to leave those for the people who have no source of income. We must strongly disagree with Mr. Anderson on his statement or his request that the Inquiry into the Fisheries aspect be held here in Kitimat. Prince Rupert is the centre of the North Coast Fishing Industry and has been so since 1913 or thereabouts and we feel that any Inquiry into the commercial fishing aspect should be held in Prince Rupert and if it's felt another site is needed, Vancouver, as many of the northern fishermen now live down there.

We will be submitting briefs

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on two phases. For the Formal Hearings our briefs will be submitted for us by the Fisheries Council of Canada and we will submit briefs on our own behalf for the informal Community Hearings. Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

Pat Green. Walum and Kitselas in addition

MR. GREEN: Thank you, Mr.

Commissioner. I am from the Co-Operative Fishermen's
Guild, we represent crews of draggers, seiners, long
liners on Prince Rupert Vessel Owners' boats as well as
many trollers and gillnetters. We are against the
Kitimat Pipeline and the tankers on our coast and we also
support a date of November the 14th so most of us will be
back in port from Johnstone Straits and southern fishing.
We will be applying for funds at a later date, possibly at
one of the other groups and there will probably be a need
for additional funding if this July llth date holds because
we won't have anybody around to represent us, we are all
fishing at that point in time. Thank you.

John Pritchard.

MR. PRITCHARD: Mr. Commissioner, the Kitamaat Band Council will be applying for funding, perhaps in association with other North Coast Bands.

Members of the Kitamaat Council will meet this weekend with representatives of the Tsimshian Aboriginal Claims

Council in order to discuss the possibility of researching and preparing a joint brief. If those talks are successful we shall apply for funds on that basis. The Bands concerned are:

Port Simpson; Metlakatla; Kitkatla; Hartley Bay;
Kitsumkalum; and Kitselas in addition to
Kitamaat.

These are all Villages along the proposed tanker route itself or which derives a significant proportion of their income from the marine environment.

Second, a number of the issues under consideration here, particularly in the Environmental and Socio-Economic Phases are directly related to unresolved Aboriginal Rights Claims. We intend to raise those issues wherever applicable throughout the course of the Hearings insofar as they fall within the Inquiry's Terms of Reference.

Third, as for timing, we propose to undertake a substantial amount of original research, the data for which will be gathered from widely scattered and remote villages whose members are disbursed throughout the length of the coast during the summer and fall. Although we are hopeful that we can conclude the study within the presently allotted time, we have serious qualms and so we support the calls for a delay in some months in the opening of the Hearings.

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request that you hold Community Hearings in several remote communities such as Kitkatla and Hartley Bay that are inaccessible by road to major communities. These communities are most vulnerable to malfunctions of the proposed system, they are along the tanker route and they are also the most isolated. As things stand they will tend to be overlooked in the Inquiry. Community Hearings will alleviate this problem to some degree. Because of their location and the intimate connection between environment and the Native subsistence and cash economy and ultimately the entire Native culture, these communities are naturally anxious to be heard. Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you,

Mr. Pritchard. I had difficulty with the names of all of
these Villages, maybe you can take a moment a little later
to give to the Reporter the names and the correct spellings,
will you do that, please? Thank you.

if they assure us that the polloyd Starr. be kept to

MR. STARR: Loyd Starr,
spokesperson for the Haisla Environmental Group. For
centuries the Haisla people have been harvesting food from
this valley. Today the Haisla people still harvest and
preserve their food traditionally, and will continue. When
I first heard about this proposal I had a really ugly
feeling inside of me and I still have. I had this feeling

because I know that our culture could die so easily.

In the 1950's Alcan built
their smelter here on the Douglas Channel. Since then they
have made millions of dollars in profit and they have
polluted our environment. Not only our environment but
they have left negative social changes in the Haisla people.

In the 1960's Eurocan built

their pulp and paper mill on the Kitimat River. They assured the Haisla people that their effluent wouldn't harm our river, a river that we have been using for centuries. Now it's so polluted that we can't fish our salmon in that river, we can't fish our oolichans in that river, we have to go up to 50 miles to get oolichans today.

How many gallons of oolichan grease have the Haisla people lost on the Kitimat River?

How many tons of oolichans have we lost from the Kitimat River? And for what? Now in the 1970's the Kitimat Pipeline Proposal. Where is this all going to end? Even if they assure us that the pollution will be kept to a minimum, that the environment in our valley is in such a delicate balance that we could lose everything and the Kitamaatpeople are going to stand up and say we don't want it. We still depend, as I have been saying, on the ocean for our livelihood, the major part of our livelihood. If this comes to an end some of our people will actually face starvation. You think about that.

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On Funding. We are going to be consulting with our Elders so we can't give you any word on that now.

In closing, if this proposal becomes a reality the people supporting this proposal will go down in Canadian History as the biggest rogues.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

Mr. Reese, House of Soogheget.

MR. REESE: My name is Victor I am representing the House of Soogheget, a project recently set up in Prince Rupert to deal with some of the social problems of the Native people in Prince Rupert. These people being our youth and as I look around the room I am sure a lot of you here have got a generation of people behind you who you are all concerned for and I also have my own family for whom I am concerned. This development is a threat, not only to Native people but to all people of the North. I can only see it as disastrous and this time I don't have a written submission but I will in the future, possibly before the deadline, submit a written proposal. Also I would like to support the Hartley Bay Group from which Village I am originally from and that I think the one year is cutting it really close. By this I mean we can relate back to the Berger Inquiry and look at the people there and how long they had to organize. The Northwest Territorial Brotherhood had one whole year before the actual

Inquiry was set up or the Commissioner was appointed to the Commission and it took three years for the Native people to bring together their people, their own people, I mean their people, the Elders, with all their wisdom and I think we are cutting it really close to one year. I would like to request now that the one year postponement be taken to heart by you. Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you,
Victor Reese. Norman McPhee.

MR. McPHEE: Norman McPhee for the Amalgamated Shore Workers and Clerks Union. We represent approximately 400 workers in the Fishing Industry in Prince Rupert and I am going to be rather vague about our proposal to intervene in this Inquiry. I can say now we intend to apply for funding for participation in the formal part of the Hearings. I can't say much more than this because the first notification we got of this Hearing here today was going to take place and the first notification we got of the deadline for applying for funding was on May 2nd so we haven't had much time to get our stuff together. At the moment I would like to propose a few things.

- 1. That the application for funding procedure be delayed.
 - That the deadline for making application for funds be at least one month after the Terms

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of Reference for this Inquiry have been finalized in order to make our funding request correspond to the scope of this Inquiry.

3. That funding be available for the Community Hearing aspects of this Inquiry.

Our Union, unlike the Kitimat Pipeline Ltd. is not a profit making venture, we have limited funds and there is a necessity to have well researched briefs.

- 4. That a Community Hearing be held in Prince Rupert.
- 5. That the Community Hearings be held after the Formal Hearings are over so as much information as possible is available to the participants in this Hearing.
- 6. That the Formal Hearings be delayed to Fall when the fishing season is over to permit more fully participation by our Union.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

Next, Cheyne, Eurocan. I am not sure I have the spelling of your surname correct.

MR. CHEYNE: C-H-E-Y-N-E.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

MR. CHEYNE: Thank you, Mr.

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Commissioner. I will be brief as the hour is late. Eurocan Pulp and Paper does not intend to request any funding assistance. However, Eurocan requests permission to present a submission under Phase II, Construction of a Marine Terminal, and Phase III, the Environmental Impact of your Inquiry and a date will be set for your Committee. Thank you, Dr. Thompson.

> THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

Dave Serry.

MR. SERRY: That's correct.

It is the function of our Group, Mr. Commissioner, to bring before the Inquiry when we will be applying for funding. It is the function of our Group to inform the Inquiry not as the devil's advocate to just get people's back up, not representing any special interest group such as real estate people, of whom I happen to be, or of any business or any chamber or any special interest group other than the group of citizens who five years from now will still be living in Kitimat. I would like to say that five years from now, sir, every man that you have heard on this floor today won't even be here, they will be gone and the people that are left will have to be faced with paying the taxes, they will have to be faced with educating their children, they will have to be faced with paying for the hospitals and the doctors and attracting staff to care for our sick in this community. Many of the people that have made all

1 the noise today and will be making noise throughout this 2 Hearing will not be around to face the problems either from 3 spills or either from the fact that no economy exists 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

whereby to support the families who are here trying to work and raise their families together. Therefore the substantial silent majority who are not here today for whom I happen to represent, the gutless wonders that want wonderful things to happen in the North that are not here to say their piece but ought to be here and have left it for all the people that have the guts that don't have the intentions of doing anything other than disrupting our way of life here in the North, to the people and the one group in special that I would like to make very special interest and that is the Native people with whom we will be working very closely with that are in favour, some of them are in favour of this for they too have accepted the White man's cause and need the White man's oil to run those cars on the White man's roads. Therefore many of them do support us in this particular application.

The third thing I would like

to say --

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THE COMMISSIONER: I know what the Indians would say, he would say on the White man's roads on the Indians land.

MR. SERRY: I'll accept that,

I'll accept that. Our Group intends to question and

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challenge the validity of the Groups opposed to the pipeline to affirm and re-affirm our faith in the Government of Canada and also the engineers and the technical staff that will be working on behalf of the people of this particular area. We believe that they too have some intelligence and we believe too that they have some brains and they are not going to bring something upon our community that isn't good for us. I am convinced of that so we want to re-affirm that we are behind this Committee and Inquiry and also behind the professional people that will be bringing their expertise to bear. We will be serving notice on the media that there is other groups in this community other than the radical fanatical fringe that always want to get their names in the newspapers to try and say they are against something. There is some people in the Northwest of British Columbia that are for something and I would like the media to please remember that when they are writing up their report of any Inquiry that goes on in our particular section of the country.

notice on the Government of Canada that they will not use this Inquiry as a smoke screen to continue the 26 years that I know of this area of the constipated economic planning that has gone on and has left this part of the country as the most second rate part of the country anywhere around. It's even as bad as Newfoundland. And also

we will be very very concerned, Mr. Commissioner, that both the Pipeline and the Government ensures that the environmental aspects and the harmony between the needs of progress and the environmental aspects and the whole socio-economic balance, a harmony be there or else then we may have to change our views as we go further along.

But at this moment we are for the pipeline. Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

Bruce MacRae advised me that Jim Brisebois of the Canadian Association of Smelter and Allied Workers was unable to be here tonight and has asked him to speak on behalf of the Association. Bruce MacRae.

MR. MacRAE: As has been pointed out we are working to some extent with the Terrace-Kitimat Coalition Group. There are some issues, however, that the Canadian Association of Smelter and Allied Workers intends to pursue itself. Our Union is noted for the effort we have put into the health and environmental issues. In the Fall of 1976 we commissioned a study into the effect of fluoride emissions on the forests in the Kitimat Valley. We are currently conducting a health study of our membership in the Alcan Smelter that is costing us about \$175,000.00 of our own funds. In Yellowknife we are in the planning stages of a similar study of our membership at the giant Yellowknife Mines. Apart from the environmental impact of a major spill on our coast, we are also

greatly concerned with any potential health hazards to the people of our community that result from a tanker port facility. It is our intention to investigate thoroughly this aspect of the proposed pipeline. To this end we have prepared a detailed application for funding assistance from the Commission, the amount requested being \$24,000.00. We also request at this time to be recognized as major participants. Thank you.

The Commissioner: Thank you.

Those are all the names I have on my list. Is there anybody here who would like to speak on behalf of some group? All right then, there were a number of issues raised to which parties may now wish to make response.

I won't try to detail them all but I know they certainly covered some matters of procedure, they covered the scope of the Inquiry and Terms of Reference. Some questions about timing and scheduling. Maybe I will ask you, Mr. Anthony, to make any comments you have and then I will call on other parties who may wish to comment.

MR. ANTHONY: Thank you, Mr.

Commissioner. There were a number of matters raised by various participants that I would like to comment on, some of major significance that are worthy of some detailed examination and others just a matter of setting the record straight or getting information so we all understand where we are at present.

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of the submissions made by Mr. Storrow on behalf of the Coalition. First of all he suggested that the Terms of Reference of this Inquiry did not allow us to examine the non-marine aspects of the proposal, at least certain aspects of it. I think my understanding of the Terms of Reference and the submissions that I made to you about the issues that are brought before this Inquiry I think indicate that it is in order and in fact necessary that we examine certain non-marine aspects in order to gain an appreciation for the impact of this proposal and I think in terms of examining alternate sources of supply, alternate sources of deliverability, determining where the demands are and so on. I do not think the Terms of Reference allow us to examine the pipeline route and make determinations as to whether or not the pipeline should go north or south of a particular route crossing. However, I think the Terms of Reference are sufficiently broad to allow us to examine the pipeline project as a whole and to examine non-marine aspects of the project as they relate to the issues specifically enumerated.

I'll first comment on a few

Finally, to cite an example and perhaps amplify it again, I think it's quite in order to examine the question of supply and deliverability in order to properly assess the likely extent of use of the Kitimat Port should that proposal be approved and go ahead

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to determine the amount of oil that will be coming through the port, to determine the source of that oil and so on.

I think the crux of Mr.

Storrow's submission with respect to concern over the Terms of Reference dealt with the question, if I understand him correctly, as to whether or not the Terms of Reference were sufficiently broad to allow you to say yea or nay to any particular project. In my view, no amendment of the Terms of Reference of the Inquiry are required, setting aside for the moment the ability to dictate the Terms of Reference. In my view the Terms of Reference are significantly wide as presently constituted to allow you to make such a determination. In my view the Terms of Reference specifically provide that you are to consider the social and environmental impact, for example, of the project. I think it is in order for you to assess that impact and to come to conclusions about that impact. One of the conclusions may be that it is such a severe and far reaching impact that no proposal should go forward. I think, Mr. Commissioner, that therefore the Terms of Reference as presently stated allow you to examine these issues in the great detail that is demanded of you and to make conclusions that would include a conclusion that a proposed port or proposed location or a proposed scheme of ports is not appropriate.

I make one further mention

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with respect to the submission and that is the request that the Commission order that Trans Mountain be made a major participant in the Inquiry. I think the question of the role that participants are to play, whether they are members of a coalition or independent members, whether they are companies or government, must be left to those individuals to assess the role they should play before this Inquiry. We expect that Trans Mountain Pipeline will be very active before this Inquiry because they have indicated intention to cooperate to make their information available and certainly, at least in my view, their interest would facilitate such an attendance. Whether or not they are major participants, and this is the reason I address that question that was raised, to my mind makes no difference on the amount of information that can be provided to this Inquiry about the Trans Mountain submission. In our view if there is information that is relevant to the Inquiry, whether it's in the possession of Trans Mountain or in the possession of any other body, that information should come before this Inquiry. We already have Mr. McEachern's advice that they intend to cooperate with this Inquiry and I am confident therefore that information will be made available. In my view that information will come before the Inquiry if it's relevant whether or not Trans Mountain is regarded as a major participant or not. My purpose for commenting is to ensure 2 3 4

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there is no misunderstanding about the role of evidence available to members who are participants or non-participants. If it's relevant to the Inquiry it is our obligation and our intention to ensure that that evidence is made available.

I would like to address one comment on the question of the timing of the Hearing, this is obviously a matter of concern and, Mr. Commissioner, I know it is a matter of concern to you and I can assure you that it was a matter of great concern to the Inquiry Staff as we attempted to put together a submission. I may start by saying that you have made it clear to us that at the Community Hearings there will be ample opportunity for everyone to ensure that they have a say on the issues before this Inquiry. I am confident therefore that any fisherman or any other member of the community will have such an opprtunity. I am confident also that if they are unavailable because they are away for fishing or for any other reason, that the Community Hearing structure and timing will be so structured to ensure that they can participate actively and effectively. The real question I think revolves around the production of evidence on the Fisheries phase when many of the fishermen are away and we would like to have them before the Inquiry to give us the benefit of their experience and knowledge. That is a real problem, Mr. Commissioner, I think we recognize that

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and I think the Inquiry will recognize that. In my view I think the Inquiry should proceed and commence with Phase I, a phase that can be accommodated I think in the time frame provided and deal with those issues as outlined there. If we find as we go along with the subsequent phases that it is impossible for certain groups or individuals to actively participate in the Inquiry, if we find that witnesses are not available before the Inquiry, I think then is the time to bring forward submissions and applications for adjournments of particular phases. think that would the time that we should entertain questions of delay because particular witnesses are not available. And I know this is going to be a problem, Mr. Commissioner, because we are not dealing only with fishermen who are absent fishing, we are going to have problems because expert witnesses are appearing before the National Energy Board who will also be holding hearings. have other problems with obtaining evidence. My suggestion and submission is that we proceed with the Inquiry in the time frame that we are suggesting. If we find that such a time frame cannot be in practice shown to be a fair and reasonable one to all the parties involved, then I think at that time we should entertain applications for adjournment when we have an opportunity to assess the facts as we find them.

I would now like to address a

few facts to issues raised by Mr. Anderson on behalf of the B.C. Wildlife Federation who once again brought his considerable political skill to bear on the issues before us. First of all in response to Mr. Anderson in his question about evidence from the FEA in the United States and other American agencies, I can tell him that we have already commenced discussions with the American authorities. We of course have no power to compel that evidence to come before this Inquiry. We have had, both from the Canadian External Affairs Department and from the American authorities that we have contacted, a statement of intention to cooperate and we in fact have been receiving cooperation from the American authorities who have indicated that they will be supplying the Inquiry with whatever information we request of them.

National Energy Board or with respect to any other source of information within or without the Government I think the position remains the same, that if there is relevant evidence this evidence is compellable if necessary. We have obtained from almost without exception statements of cooperation from the Governments and Government agencies we have contacted. We anticipate therefore that we will have this evidence without the need of subpoenas and I disagree with Mr. Anderson on the suggestion that somehow the subpoena makes the evidence either more reliable or

somehow ensures that the Public Servants appearing before this Inquiry will give more truthful information. We have an indication from all levels of the Government and all agencies that they are willing to cooperate and make this information available and we are certainly actively undertaking a reconnaissance now of all the information to ensure it's available to this Inquiry and to the participants before the Inquiry.

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In commenting on the Production of Documents and Discovery procedure, Mr. Anderson suggested that we may be getting a little legalistic and that the Rules be varied to allow, for example, evidence that comes to light at the last minute to be presented and that is of course entirely consistent with our submission. We recognize that there may be need to vary the Rules to ensure fairness of this Inquiry and the fairness of this Inquiry is going to be our guiding principle. Having made that point about being overly legalistic he then went on to suggest that the Community Hearings be structured so cross-examination of the parties be available. Now in our view, Mr. Commissioner, the evidence of these Community Hearings will be as important and as relevant as any other evidence received. The fact that there is not cross-examination to me makes no difference. The purpose of the Community Hearings is to encourage community participation and I would submit that

anything that would discourage participation, that would in any way inhibit people from coming forward, that would in any way form a barrier to their effective speaking to you should not be encouraged and I would suggest that there is nothing in cross-examination that is going to ensure any better or more reliable level of evidence.

I would suggest therefore that there not be cross-examination of the witnesses at the Community Hearings.

If there is a problem with the evidence, if somebody wishes to call evidence contrary to evidence at the Community Hearings, they are of course entitled to do so.

one of the key concerns
expressed by Mr. Anderson seemed to bring together a
number of interveners, is the question of the role of the
interveners before this Inquiry. Mr. Anderson suggested
that he supports the idea of interveners in the traditional
sense. My concern, Mr. Commissioner, and the reason we
provided the submission we did is that the role of the
interveners in the traditional sense has been an
inactive and often ineffective role. Too often the
inquiries have been structured where the Government evidence is called by the Commission and the industry evidence
is called by the Applicant and the interveners are left to
struggle as best they can to ensure that other interests,
those other than the interests defined by the Commission
Counsel are adequately put before the Inquiry. Mr.

Commissioner, you have indicated an intention to support, through public funding, the intervention of individuals and organizations to ensure that their interest is properly presented and protected. In my view that is a sound way to ensure these interests are before the Inquiry, that they are put before the Inquiry by those individuals who have the greatest interest in ensuring that evidence is brought forward in a most effective way. I would suggest therefore, Mr. Commissioner, that the intervener funding is an appropriate and proper way of ensuring that the wide range of evidence be provided by this Inquiry and that the interveners be entitled to call on Government witnesses, to call on any other witnesses that are necessary to ensure that the full interests are adequately presented before the Inquiry.

Mr. Anderson also commented or suggested, as I understood him, that Commission Counsel should be responsible for calling the witnesses currently employed by the B.C. or Canadian Governments, and he suggested that I may be accidentally contradictory in suggesting that I can be both active and play a mop up role. I was not accidentally contradictory, I view these as both legitimate and proper functions of Commission Counsel. We will actively seek out the best evidence for this Inquiry. We will ensure that that evidence is brought out before this Inquiry and we will be active in our pursuit

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of that evidence. We also have the responsibility of ensuring that evidence not presented by particular groups, particular organizations or particular interests, but issues nonetheless that should be before this Inquiry are fully presented. We therefore recognize the obligation to in addition to seeking out evidence to play the mop up role of ensuring that all issues are adequately presented before the Inquiry. And in pursuance of either or both of those functions we will seek the evidence wherever it is, whether it's in the Government or outside Government. We are not, nor will we play the role of merely presenting the Government evidence. I don't think that's what Mr. Anderson suggested but I think though it is important to recognize the role of the Commission Counsel, at least as we see it.

The other matters I think,
Mr. Commissioner, have been adequately canvassed by others
and I don't propose to make any further comment at this
time.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

Now are there other persons, counsel or others who wish to comment on these questions. Mr. Saville, please.

MR. SAVILLE: Mr. Commissioner, there are about three points that I feel I should make at this time. Number one, I find myself in agreement with Mr. Storrow and disagreement with Commission Counsel on the

question of the Terms of Reference. I think we have 2 gotten slightly carried away by sitting here debating the 3 Terms of Reference because it's my respectful submission 4 that the Government of Canada and in particular the Privy Council have already told us what those are and it's 6 plain on this two page piece of paper. I do feel that I 7 should go back to that for just a second. There are two . 8 key phrases, the first is onstructed, that is, the pipeline . 9 "To enquire into and concerning and to report

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That upon" sides into the area where the National Energy

and then it goes to talk about the areas, social and environmental and so on. That language is very clear. And then on paragraph (b) it talks as follows:

"To report upon representations made to him --" i.e. you Doctor Thompson and Energy Monte ends at the and

"concerning the terms and conditions which should be imposed, if authority is given to establish a marine terminal"

and so on. I think you have to be stretching it a bit to suggest, sir, or to accept the suggestion that the mandate contained herein includes the question of whether the proposal should go ahead or not. That's the decision the Government of Canada is going to make and they will take into account the report that you submit to them as part of the overall decision making process. I am not suggesting that we can't look at the pipeline itself when it comes to

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the question of supply because the size of the pipeline and where the oil goes is directly proportional to how many tankers there are and how they come to Kitimat or wherever it is and with what volumes of oil. We have no difficulty with that, but getting to the question of the pipeline itself in terms of the Terms of Reference and further to suggest that the recommendation could be made that it ought not to be constructed, that is, the pipeline, I suggest to you, sir, is beyond the scope of this mandate. That is getting into the area where the National Energy Board will have to decide that question. I suggest, sir, that one of the reasons this Inquiry has been created is that there was no Inquiry or Public Hearing process in existence for this kind of a development because the jurisdiction of the National Energy Board ends at the end of the dock, and that's why the Terms of Reference are why they are, to cover the things from the dock on out, if I can describe it that way.

Now, sir, that doesn't mean you can't conclude that the social and environmental impact is severe, you may come to that conclusion, but that I suggest would be the limits of it and it would then be up to the Government to decide, having regard to your conclusions what it should do in relation to this project when it gets your report, when it gets the TERMPOL report and when it gets the recommendation from the National

Energy Board.

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Now, sir, on the question

of Timing. I suggest our hands are tied there as well.

Again the Privy Council Order, which is the policy of the Government of Canada on this subject at this time, clearly says that this report from you is to be in the hands of the Minister of Fisheries and Environment and the Minister of Transport before the end of the year. Having regard to all of the things that we have heard here today I think we have learned one thing and that is that we better get to work and any suggestion that this matter ought to be adjourned is just going to make our job that much more difficult. It bothers me, sir, that we can't start until July 11th frankly.

Now I have one other comment
I think I should make on a point raised by my learned
friend, Mr. Storrow, and that's this business of onus.
I suggest, sir, that this is not that kind of a proceeding.
This is an Inquiry. My client isn't on trial here, we are
to contribute our information just like the Government of
Canada or the Government of British Columbia or the
Kitimat Oil Coalition or any other group in the hope that
you will weigh all of that evidence and objectively assess
what should be done. It is not the role of Trans Mountain
or Kitimat Pipeline or anybody else to be in a position
where we are fighting with each other as suggested by my

1 learned friend. I find myself in agreement on this point 2 with Mr. Anderson where he indicates that people are 3 interveners, we happen to probably play a higher profile 4 because we have a lot of the information that you require 5 and we are going to give it to you. But to suggest that 6 we have to satisfy some burden of proof that we always 7 have to go first I suggest, sir, is quite inconsistent 8 with the Order-in-Council and with the provision of the 9 Inquiries Act. We are just one more party that happened 10 to be in a position to help and that's our intention. 11 THE COMMISSIONER: Mr. Saville, 12 just to follow up, as I mentioned in my opening remarks

just to follow up, as I mentioned in my opening remarks as I understand TERMPOL it's a code of standards that the Federal Government has developed, as I understand it, to regulate any possible establishment of a terminal. Now does not the fact that such a code has been established to govern facilities such as you are proposing, place on the Company an onus to at least satisfy this Inquiry that the standards set by TERMPOL have been satisfied and that position in that respect may be different from what you have just been urging as to other aspects.

MR. SAVILLE: My understanding,

sir, is this:

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Number one, the TERMPOL code as it's called is a set of guidelines and we are all going through this for the first time.

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This is the first time anyone has ever made an application, as I understand it, under that document but it is a guideline, it's not even a compulsory thing if you want to get technical about it because the approvals we require are a permit under the Navigable Waters Protection Act for the dock itself and we also have some provisions under the Fisheries and Environment legislation. The TERMPOL code itself as I understand it is sort of a voluntary thing that you should comply with but it isn't sitting in a statute or anything like that. I agree with what you say, sir, though about the onus, we have to supply the appropriate information but in that instance I submit, sir, it is the TERMPOL Committee that is judging whether we have supplied the appropriate amount of material so that they can come out and say either yes or no. I suggest, sir, that while you are going to use that report and our application as a sort of base document to get into the various questions, that that is a separate question because you are here to find out what people think under the Privy Council order and the TERMPOL application, if we can call it that, is really something different. I put it more like the application to the National Energy Board where there is certainly an onus on there that we have to satisfy them that we are entitled to our certificate. I suggest that while there is overlap in the use we make of the document, there are two separate

mandates, one that you have and one that the TERMPOL code has.

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any comment in that respect, Mr. Anthony?

MR. ANTHONY: Well, Mr.

Commissioner, the Order-in-Council I think speaks a little more specifically than Mr. Saville would lead us to believe. Under the Order-in-Council you are required to inquire into and to report upon the social and environmental impact and so on of the proposal, the navigational safety and related matters associated with the proposal and upon the broader concerns and issues related to oil tanker movement on the West Coast as might be affected by the proposal. I think, sir, therefore your mandate goes much beyond the suggestion of a public information type of session where your job is to listen to what people have to say but not to come to any conclusion as to whether or not the proposal is in any way satisfactory. You certainly have the obligation to listen to what the people have to say, you certainly have the obligation I would suggest to look at the sort of standards that have been provided in TERMPOL and any other legislation and I think, sir, that you also have the responsibility to come to conclusions after having heard the evidence and after having considered the impact. I would say it is completely erroneous to somehow categorize the consideration as merely one of

1 information gathering with some reporting function without also keeping before us the issue that you are to come to 2 3 some conclusion on these issues and not merely send along 4 the information to the Government. I suggest that is 5 implicit in the Order-in-Council as stated and that 6 therefore you have the responsibility within the terms of 7 the Order-in-Council to consider these, to consider what-8 standards are appropriate and to come to conclusions as to 9 whether or not in your view what the impacts are and 10 whether or not it is the sort of project that should go 11 ahead given consideration to the type of impact that you 12 have found. 13

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

I wasn't intending to sort of give a second kick at the cat, I was thinking in particular about the TERMPOL question and what its particular role is before the Inquiry.

You might think about that and I will ask if Mr.

McEachern and Mr. Edwards or others have comments about the Terms of Reference.

MR. EDWARDS: I have nothing further to add to what I have already said, Dr. Thompson. Thank you.

MR. McEACHERN: I have nothing further to say, thank you.

MR. STORROW: I have some com-

THE COMMISSIONER: Mr. Storrow.

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ments both on Mr. Anthony's submission and on Mr. Saville's submission. Mr. Anthony stated that he sees within your Terms of Reference an ability to deal with non-marine aspects of the proposal. I don't see it. He says that the pipeline route question can't be dealt with, I see that that is correct. He says that you can say yes or no to the proposal, I don't see it. Our suggestion is that in order to eliminate any ambiguity of any kind whatsoever all you have to do is get in touch with the Privy Council and ask them to amend your Terms of Reference. There is nothing magical about your Terms of Reference, it wouldn't take much effort and much time on behalf of the Federal Government to change them to avoid any ambiguity. We suggest strongly, sir, these points be cleared up now so that in six months or a year, whenever your Commission is completed, we aren't faced with the problems of your Terms of Reference.

With respect to the Trans
Mountain Pipeline participation we stand on what Mr.
Gallon has already stated, the next move will be Trans
Mountain Pipeline's and your own. We will wait to see
what develops there.

With respect to the adjournment, fifteen or twenty people have come before you today
and asked for an adjournment and each one of them have
given you a very solid reason for the adjournment. Mr.

Anthony and Mr. Saville have been against the adjournment. I don't recollect any solid reason given by either of them to maintain the position that the 11th of July is the magical date to hold these hearings. What is the need to hold these hearings on the 11th of July? Why the urgency? This coastline has done without tankers for centuries, why suddenly in two months do we have to start talking about them travelling down the coast? Give us a chance to prepare, it's a big case.

Now, with respect to the onus question that Mr. Saville has dealt with, first of all I am not in agreement with Mr. Anderson on the subject of onus and the participation of interveners. It's nonsense to think that anyone who is against the position of someone who seeks to spend half a billion dollars is not in an adversary position. Of course we are adversaries, let's clear that up right now. We're not here to intervene and to be friendly with these people who we are against, it's silly to think that. This is an adversary hearing and we are going to partake of it with that spirit and I am sure the Pipeline people will be doing the same thing. So let's just get that role straightened around right now.

With respect to the onus of proof
The Pipeline is advocating change here. Throughout the
history of the common law of this country and England he
who advocates change has an onus on him to prove that the

change should be made. We don't have to disprove that surely to goodness so it's clear, never mind the TERMPOL code, that doesn't make any difference here necessarily. It's a matter of common sense that if the Pipeline wishes to have — if the Company wishes to have a terminal here let them show us why we have to change the status quo and have a terminal. We say the proof is on them and we don't have to show anything other than we have to deal with a preponderance of probabilities which onus is on them and that is the subject matter of the onus as we see it

THE COMMISSIONER: Does anybody here have anything further to say?

MR. ANDERSON: Mr. Chairman, the important question is how you view your Terms of Reference, not how everybody else views them. Do you feel you can come down and say on the one hand the establishment of an oil port is the best thing since sliced bread or on the other hand it's going to have the most disastrous and social impacts. What do you think?

THE COMMISSIONER: Well, Mr.

Anderson, I can say that I will be making rulings very
quickly and I will let them be known but I will say further
in the meantime as to my thinking about it, subject to the
fact that I am going to study the submissions that have
been made and ponder them and make written rulings. I

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agree that I can't decide whether or not an oil port should be built, that's for the Government of Canada to decide. I understand that I am not to get into details about the pipeline because that's the function of the National Energy Board except insofar as there are matters about the pipeline that have a bearing on the oil port and the tanker traffic that's associated therewith. I understand my Terms of Reference to include an examination of tanker traffic that would be generated should the Trans Mountain proposal be approved. On the other hand I cannot look at the pipeline engineering aspects of the Trans Mountain proposal because again that is a matter that is before the National Energy Board of Canada. I can't go into details about the location and acceptability and otherwise of tanker ports in the State of Washington because that's a matter for United States jurisdiction to deal with. On the other hand I think it's before this Inquiry to consider the implications of the establishment of ports in the United States places the implication of those ports for tanker traffic and oil spill risk which would affect Canadian waters.

On the question that seems to have been argued the most about how far I can go, I understand that I am required to inquire into and report on social and economic impacts and navigational safety and related matters and in reporting I will write it as I

see it and it may add up to a recommendation that it is 1 not, that is a recommendation, not a decision because I 2 3 can't decide it, but a recommendation to the Government 4 that an oil port should not be established because that 5 would be the clear implication of the recommendations made about social and environmental effects and if they 6 7 come to that I won't hesitate to say it. On the other 8 hand I could recommend positively in favour of it or be 9 lukewarm or in between and I certainly am charged under these Terms of Reference to give recommendations about details of environmental impact, social impact, regional impact, terms and conditions which should be imposed upon

Now as I say that's the way I see

a marine terminal and upon marine traffic.

it and size it up at this point and I am stating it now because there is a need to have clarification about my thinking on this as soon as possible, but I reserve the fact that I am going to make a series of rulings about the matters that have been addressed here, including the timing, the phasing, when we will start and of course I will have to get decisions made about funding. It will be my aim to have these prepared and placed before you as soon as possible. We have a mailing list I hope now that is comprehensive and you probably hear though from what we have heard about the mails tonight you will probably hear about it in the newspapers before you get a notice in the

If there is nothing further

I just would like

mail. Thank you.

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to make one observation, that the longer the hearings take the more costly they are going to become and we have all known for quite a long time, first from the original application of Trans Mountain Pipeline and subsequently the Kitimat application, that these questions would be before us. From the little that we have been able to read on the subject there is not time, even in five years, to do a research of marine life on the ocean floor and in the effect of oil spills. All of us are not being paid for the time we will devote to these questions. I wonder

MR. CURRIE:

this Preliminary Hearing -- yes, Mr. Currie?

pressed if the Inquiry spreads into 1978 and perhaps 1979. So I hope that all of the Groups that are small and don't have great financial resources don't have, even if they

\$500.00 a day maybe the rest of us are going to be hard

sometimes if we don't have too many lawyers but at

receive assistance from you, ability to pay all of the

people that are involved and their transportation and I hope that the Commission, that yourself, Mr. Commissioner,

will keep this in mind in debating or deciding on the

issue of the time frame for your Inquiry. Thank you.

THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.

I now declare this Preliminary Hearing adjourned. Thank

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2	(PROCEEDINGS ADJOURNED.)	
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5		to be a true and accurate
6		transcript of the proceedings
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